



FIBA INTERNAL REGULATIONS



BOOK 1 **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

IN FORCE AS OF 31 MARCH 2019

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CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTORY PRINCIPLES

DEFINITIONS

1. The definitions set out hereunder apply throughout these Internal Regulations unless a different definition is given in or by the text of an individual section or paragraph. These definitions do not include various technical terms included in the Anti-Doping Regulations (see Book 4) – these are defined in the World Anti-Doping Code.

Appeals' Panel

The Panel established under the FIBA General Statutes which (with certain designated exceptions) deals with appeals against decisions of FIBA or its organs.

Central Board

The FIBA Central Board as defined in the FIBA General Statutes.

Code of Ethics

The code which governs the actions of all who are involved in basketball.

Competitions of FIBA (or FIBA Competitions)

The competitions so defined in Book 2 of these Internal Regulations.

Congress

The supreme authority of FIBA as defined in the FIBA General Statutes.

Disciplinary Panel

The Panel established under the FIBA General Statutes which adjudicates at the world level on sanctions.

Ethics Panel

The Panel established under the FIBA General Statutes to oversee observance of the Code of Ethics set out in these Internal Regulations.

Executive Committee

The FIBA Executive Committee as defined in the FIBA General Statutes.

FIBA

The Secretary General except where it is specifically indicated otherwise.

FIBA Competitions (or Competitions of FIBA)

The competitions so defined in Book 2 of these Internal Regulations.

FIBA Official

A member of the Central Board, Executive Committee, Secretariat, Commission, Appeals' Panel, Disciplinary Panel, or any other person appointed in an official capacity by FIBA.

International Window Period

The period during which World Cup Qualifiers and Continental Qualifiers will be played according to the FIBA Calendar. For 2017 to 2021, the following dates have been approved:

- 20 – 28 November 2017;
- 19 – 27 February 2018;
- 25 June – 3 July 2018;
- 30 August – 18 September 2018;
- 26 November – 4 December 2018;
- 18 – 26 February 2019;
- 25 November – 3 December 2019;
- 17 – 25 February 2020;
- 23 November – 1 December 2020;
- 15 – 23 February 2021.

International Window Period for Women's Basketball

The Period during which Women's Olympic Qualifying Events, World Cup Qualifying Events and Continental Qualifying Events will be played according to the FIBA Calendar. For 2019 to 2022, the following dates have been approved:

- 10 – 18 November 2019;
- 2 – 10 February 2020;
- 8 – 16 November 2020;
- 31 January – 8 February 2021;
- 7 – 15 November 2021; and
- 30 January – 7 February 2022.

Jury of Appeal

The body which deals with appeals from decisions of the Technical Committee at Competitions of FIBA.

Legal Commission

The body established under the FIBA General Statutes.

Local Organising Committee (LOC)

The Committee charged with the organisation and execution of a Competition of FIBA.

Medical Commission

The body established under the FIBA General Statutes.

National Member Federation

A federation admitted to membership of FIBA in accordance with the FIBA General Statutes.

Secretary General

The Secretary General of FIBA or his delegate(s).

Solidarity Fund

A special fund established by FIBA to support the development of young players.

Technical Commission

The body established under of the FIBA General Statutes.

Technical Committee

The committee which oversees technical matters during a Competition of FIBA.

WADA

World Anti-Doping Agency.

Young Player

A player who has not yet reached his 18th birthday.

Zone

A continental Division of FIBA established under the FIBA General Statutes and to which national member federations are assigned. It exercises authority, delegated by FIBA, in accordance with the General Statutes and these Internal Regulations

AUTHORITY

2. These Internal Regulations are enacted by the Central Board under the authority conferred in the FIBA General Statutes. Should there be any conflict or discrepancy between the provisions of these Internal Regulations and those of the General Statutes, then the provisions of the General Statutes shall prevail.

GENDER

3. These regulations apply equally to both genders, and all references in this text to males (he, his, and him) shall be considered to apply also to females and shall be read accordingly.

PREVAILING LANGUAGE

4. In accordance with the FIBA General Statutes, in the event of dispute regarding the interpretation of these Internal Regulations, the English text shall prevail.

CHAPTER 2: MEMBERSHIP

APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

5. To become a member of FIBA, a national federation shall submit an application for membership to the Secretary General.
6. The applicant federation shall also submit a copy of its own statutes and regulations, and details of its internal organisation and the facilities for playing basketball in its country.
7. An application for membership shall contain an undertaking by the applicant national federation to:
 - a. Conform at all times with the General Statutes, Internal Regulations, other rules and regulations and decisions of FIBA and of the Zone to which it is assigned;
 - b. Observe the Official Basketball Rules of FIBA; and
 - c. Alter its statutes and regulations as required by FIBA.
8. The applicant federation shall provide payment of a fee as per article 1-14.
9. Once all the documentation is received, the Secretary General shall submit the application to the Central Board for decision.

SUSPENDED MEMBERS

10. According to Article 10.1 of the General Statutes, the Secretary General may suspend a national member federation which has not paid its fees or is in arrears for a period of two (2) consecutive years. This period starts on the date of the invoice.
11. As soon as a member is suspended under either Article 10.1 or 10.2 of the FIBA General Statutes:
 - a. It continues to have to pay only the required annual membership fee;
 - b. It will no longer be charged for a progressive category fee, if any;
 - c. It is no longer required to pay the annual referee/commissioner fees, and its FIBA Referees/Commissioners will be suspended;
 - d. It cannot register its national referees/commissioners for the Clinics for FIBA Referee/Commissioner Candidates;
 - e. It cannot organise and/or participate in the Competitions or activities of FIBA.
12. In order for a national member federation suspended under Article 10.1 of the General Statutes to become a full member of FIBA with all member rights again, the suspended member must make an application to the Secretary General and must:
 - a. Settle all arrears to FIBA owing at the date it was suspended;
 - b. Pay (or have paid) the annual membership fee due in the meantime to FIBA;

- c. Be subject again and with immediate effect as decided by the Secretary General to the progressive category fee it was paying before it became suspended, if this is still justified (which will be decided by the Central Board);
 - d. Register again its FIBA active Referees/Commissioners with immediate effect;
 - e. Register its national referees for the Clinics for FIBA Referee/Commissioner Candidates.
13. The organiser and/or host national member federation of a Competition of FIBA shall not invite and/or allow participation of a team whose national member federation has been suspended under Article 10 of the General Statutes. A failure to abide by this article may result in sanctions imposed by the Secretary General in accordance with articles 1-125 to 1-144 and the Competition shall lose its official status in accordance with article 2-41.

National member federations shall not participate in a Competition of FIBA in which a team whose national member federation has been suspended under Article 10 of the General Statutes participates. A failure to abide by this article may result in sanctions imposed by the Secretary General in accordance with articles 1-125 to 1-144.

If a Zone allows a member federation suspended under Article 10.1 of the General Statutes to participate in a Competition, the suspended member federation shall be reinstated with full rights as a national member federation of FIBA. The respective Zone shall be liable for the suspended member federation's debts owed to FIBA as soon as it allows that suspended member federation to participate in international competitions of the Zone.

ANNUAL AND PROGRESSIVE MEMBERSHIP FEES

14. Annual and progressive fees are payable by each national member federation and shall be paid by 1 January each year. A national member federation becoming a member of FIBA for the first time shall pay a new national member federation fee (see article 1-298).
15. For purposes of assessment of progressive fees which are set out in article 1-298, the national member federations are divided into the following groups:

Group "A":

Angola, Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, Chinese Taipei, Croatia, Czech Republic, Egypt, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iran, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea, Latvia, Lebanon, Lithuania, New Zealand, Nigeria, Philippines, Poland, Puerto Rico, Romania, Russia, Senegal, Serbia, Slovenia, Spain, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, United States of America.

Group "B":

Algeria; Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chile, Colombia, Cote d'Ivoire, Cuba, Dem. Rep. of Congo, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Estonia, FYROM, Gabon, Great Britain, Hong Kong, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Netherlands, Panama, Paraguay, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Congo, Rwanda, Singapore, Slovak

Republic, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Uganda, Uruguay, Venezuela, Virgin Islands.

Group “C”:

Albania, American Samoa, Antigua, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Bolivia, British Virgin Islands, Burkina Faso, Chad, Costa Rica, Cyprus, D.P.R of Korea, Ecuador, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Fiji, Ghana, Guam, Guatemala, Guinea, Iraq, Ireland, Kenya, Kosovo, Libya, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Mongolia, New Caledonia, Nicaragua, Norway, Oman, Palestine, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Republic of Benin, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syria, Tahiti, Tanzania, Togo, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, Zambia.

Group “D”:

All other national member federations

CHAPTER 3: FIBA CODE OF ETHICS

PREAMBLE

16. FIBA bears the responsibility to safeguard the integrity and reputation of the sport of basketball worldwide and is constantly striving to protect its image from jeopardy or harm as a result of immoral or unethical activities, methods, and practices.
17. FIBA wishes to present basketball to the world as an energetic, healthy, and athletic game, free from violence and unethical practice of any kind.
18. The intent of this Code of Ethics therefore is to ensure that basketball worldwide is both administered and played within a framework of ethical, honest, fair, transparent, democratic, credible, dignified, and professional behaviour, and in the spirit of fair play.
19. Inherent in this Code of Ethics is the individual's right to dignity and to being treated with respect. Basketball allows no discrimination between the basketball parties on the basis of race, gender, ethnic origin, religion, philosophical or political opinion, marital status, or other grounds.

APPLICATION OF THE CODE

20. This Code of Ethics applies throughout the world to the following who must each be accountable for their own actions and respect the sanctity and obligations of their allegiance to FIBA:
 - a. The Divisions of FIBA including the individual members and employees thereof, and any other organisations or individuals who have direct or indirect affiliation with FIBA;
 - b. National member federations of FIBA;
 - c. All of the associations, clubs, and other organisations (including leagues) that are members directly or indirectly or part of the national member federations or of FIBA;
 - d. Administrators (including club owners, officials, and staff) at all levels described in letters b. and c. above;
 - e. Players, coaches, player-support personnel (including team managers, medical staff), officials of all designations, and FIBA accredited players' agents;
 - f. Organisations, cities, States and the like bidding for the right to conduct events/Competitions of FIBA, and including Local Organising Committees formed to run such events.
21. Those listed in article 1-20 are referred to in this Code of Ethics as "the basketball parties".

REQUIREMENTS OF THE CODE

22. The basketball parties shall observe the following articles (including those actions enshrined in the Preamble to this Code).

23. Demonstrate loyalty to FIBA and its principles, and to the sport of basketball, and not do anything that would bring discredit to the sport.
24. Embrace honesty, integrity, and respectability as being core to all basketball activities and never knowingly provide false information to others.
25. Not engage in any criminal or otherwise improper activities, either within or outside basketball.
26. Observe the FIBA General Statutes and Internal Regulations, other rules and regulations and decisions of FIBA.
27. Honour all contracts (both personal and business) related to basketball and not encourage others to break such contracts.
28. Refrain from activities which might affect the outcome of basketball games such as:
 - a. Acceptance of gifts/payments, commissions, or other considerations by players (other than as a legitimate part of playing contract);
 - b. Acceptance of gifts/payments, commissions, or other considerations by officials (other than as a legitimate part of their contract of engagement);
 - c. Offering gifts/payments, commissions, or other considerations to players and officials other than as part of their legitimate contractual payments;
 - d. Betting or otherwise speculating either alone or through others;
 - e. Doping or the encouragement of doping;
 - f. Engaging in criminal or other improper activities;
 - g. Engaging in other unethical conduct of any kind which has the potential to affect the outcome of game/s.
29. Ensure that discrimination, harassment, vilification, and/or abuse are not tolerated at any level and that there are appropriate policies and processes in place to deal with such behaviour.
30. Administer basketball organisations in a transparent and fair manner, free from bias and corruption and through open and democratic elections and processes:
 - a. With day-to-day management according to democratic and accountability principles, including professional managers being responsible and accountable to their Board/ Executive Committee/ Management Committee and they, in turn, being responsible and accountable to their members/stakeholders;
 - b. Avoiding actual or perceived conflicts of interest where administrators or other officials have, or appear to have, private or personal interests that detract from their ability to carry out their obligations in their official capacity with integrity in an independent and purposeful manner (private or personal interests include gaining any possible advantage for himself, his family, relatives, friends and acquaintances, and any organisation to which he belongs and/or has a leading role). In the implementation of this provision, a conflict of interest policy may be enacted by FIBA. In the event of

- conflict or discrepancy, the substantive and procedural rules of the Conflict of Interest Policy shall prevail;
- c. Ensuring openness and transparency in all dealings of administration and operation;
 - d. Ensuring decisions are based, as far as is possible, on objective rather than subjective criteria;
 - e. Respecting contractual obligations and commercial-in-confidence transactions and intellectual property rights;
 - f. Ensuring scrupulous avoidance of deception, unethical practice, or any other behaviour that is, or might be construed as, dishonourable or detrimental to the sport of basketball;
 - g. Acting in accordance with the fiduciary duties of an office bearer, complying with the spirit and letter of the law, and recognising both the legal and moral duties of the role;
 - h. Not doing anything that in any way denigrates the sport of basketball or harms its public image at any level;
 - i. Managing relationships and transactions with sponsors, commercial partners, vendors, suppliers, and consultants in an ethical manner in accordance with this Code;
 - j. Entering into contracts or other arrangements with organisations whose business is related to speculation on the outcomes or otherwise of sporting events only to the extent that such activity is not in breach of this Code of Ethics;
 - k. Ensuring full, fair, accurate, and timely disclosure in reports to FIBA or to any other superior authority within the sport as may be required and also to relevant official authorities in the country or state of formation in full accordance with the law;
 - l. Ensuring that the personal rights of individuals are protected, respected, and safeguarded;
 - m. Ensuring the privacy of individuals (apart from what is essential information for the organisation to function);
 - n. Promoting the health and welfare of players;
 - o. Providing due process in disciplinary matters;
 - p. Representing basketball honestly, worthily, respectably, and with integrity.
31. In the pursuit of open and democratic election processes, candidates offering themselves for election to office should observe the following principles:
- a. A candidate has the right to promote his candidature, subject to respecting any special provisions relating to that office and to this Code of Ethics;
 - b. The promotion of a candidate is conducted with dignity and moderation;
 - c. Excessive expenditure is avoided in order to preserve equality between candidates;
 - d. No meeting or gathering of any kind is held in the framework of promoting a candidature;
 - e. Candidates may in no instance and under no pretext give presents or offer donations or gifts, or offer to grant advantages of whatever nature;

- f. No candidate may enter into any promise or undertaking to be performed, whatever the timing of such performance, for the direct benefit or indirect benefit of another basketball party;
 - g. As voting in elections should be secret, no basketball party, individually or collectively, will announce in any form whatsoever their intention to vote or produce any invitation to vote for a particular candidate;
 - h. Each candidate shall, in the framework of promoting his candidature, respect the other basketball party candidates;
 - i. A candidate may produce no spoken word, written text or representation of any matter likely to harm the image of another candidate or cause him prejudice;
 - j. No understanding, coalition, or collusion between candidates with the intent to influence the result of the vote is allowed.
32. The basketball parties shall guarantee the players conditions of safety, well-being, and medical care appropriate for basketball.
33. The basketball parties, or their representatives, shall not directly or indirectly solicit, accept or offer any form of remuneration or commission, nor any concealed benefit or service of any nature, connected with the organisation of a Competition of FIBA.
34. Only gifts of nominal value, in accordance with prevailing local customs, may be given or accepted by the basketball parties, as a mark of respect or friendship. Any other gift must be declared and passed on to the organisation of which the beneficiary is a member.
35. Hospitality shown to members and staff of the basketball parties, and to the persons accompanying them shall be declared and shall not exceed the standards prevailing in the host country.
36. The basketball parties, their agents, and/or their representatives must not be involved with firms or persons whose activity or reputation is inconsistent with other principles set out in this Code of Ethics.
37. The basketball parties shall neither give nor accept instructions to vote or intervene in a given manner within the organs of FIBA.
38. Where FIBA gives financial support to basketball parties, financial records and accountability must be in accordance with the requirements stipulated by FIBA.
39. The basketball parties recognise the significant contribution that broadcasters, sponsors, partners and other supporters of basketball make to the development and prestige of FIBA official competitions throughout the world. However, such support must be consistent with the rules and regulations of FIBA. The organisation and staging of the main official competitions of FIBA are the exclusive prerogative of FIBA.
40. The basketball parties shall fully respect the various manuals published by FIBA linked to the selection of host organisations (however defined), in particular the Bid and Event Manual for FIBA World Championship (or any other relevant publication). Those basketball parties wishing to

organise a Competition of FIBA shall, inter alia, refrain from approaching another party, or a third basketball party, with a view to obtaining any financial or political support inconsistent with the provisions of such manuals and/or this Code of Ethics.

41. Where basketball parties are involved in offering themselves as candidates for the right to conduct a major event, those parties will specifically apply the principles outlined in article 1-31 to their conduct during the bidding process.
42. The basketball parties shall endeavour to protect the environment on the occasion of any Competition of FIBA which they organise.
43. The basketball parties shall not disclose information entrusted to them in confidence.

ROLE OF THE ETHICS PANEL / BREACHES OF THE ETHICS CODE

44. The role of the Ethics Panel is to examine possible breaches of this Code and then to report on its inquiries and deliberations.
45. The principle of confidentiality shall be respected strictly by the FIBA Ethics Panel in all of its activities.
46. Alleged breaches of the Code may be referred by the following to the Ethics Panel for consideration:
 - a. The President of FIBA
 - b. The Central Board
 - c. The Secretary General
 - d. National member federations
47. Such referrals will be made via the Secretary General unless the alleged breach involves the Central Board or the Secretariat in which event the referral may be made directly to the Chairman of the Ethics Panel.
48. Referrals must relate to alleged breaches of this Code within the previous five (5) years.
49. In the course of its inquiry, the Ethics Panel is entitled to the benefit of legal counsel or other expert opinion.
50. A combination of alleged breaches of other FIBA Internal Regulations and alleged breaches of the Code of Ethics may be heard/progressed simultaneously.
51. After appropriate inquiry and consideration of the matter, the Panel will either dismiss the referral or make a prima facie finding of breach/es of the Code of Ethics together with its recommendation/s to the Secretary General or to the Central Board, as appropriate.
52. Dismissal by the Ethics Panel of a referral made to it is not appealable.

SANCTIONS FOR BREACHES OF THE CODE OF ETHICS

53. The Ethics Panel has no direct power of sanction. The Secretary General and/or the Central Board may either deal with an adverse prima facie finding of the Ethics Panel in keeping with their respective authority or may decide to refer a matter to the FIBA Disciplinary Panel for formal hearing under FIBA's disciplinary processes.
54. Where a basketball party is found to be in breach of this Code of Ethics, sanction/s may include (in addition to those set out in Chapter 6 of this Book 1):
 - a. For an individual: a monetary fine as per article 1-296 and/or suspension or removal from office;
 - b. For organisations: a monetary fine as per article 1-296 and/or suspension of membership or status as a basketball party.
55. National member federations may deal with alleged breaches of this Code within their own respective jurisdiction through their own processes unless the allegation of breach involves the national member federation itself in which event the matter will be for the FIBA Ethics Panel to consider. Where FIBA is of the view that a national member federation has failed to either appropriately investigate an alleged breach of this Code or to impose an appropriate penalty where an alleged breach is sustained, then FIBA itself may undertake its own investigation and/or fix its own penalty.

CHAPTER 4: LEAGUES

[Note: This Chapter gives effect to Article 12 of the FIBA General Statutes]

56. Leagues may exist at national, continental (Zone), or intercontinental level.

RECOGNITION OF LEAGUES

57. League organised wholly within the national boundaries of a country shall require recognition by the respective national member federation.
58. A continental League organised wholly within the geographic area of one of the FIBA Zones shall require recognition by the respective FIBA Zone.
59. An intercontinental League drawn from across the geographic boundaries of two (2) or more of the FIBA Zones shall require recognition by the FIBA Central Board.
60. Recognition requires that the FIBA Internal Regulations are respected in their entirety.

KEY PRINCIPLES IN THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LEAGUES AND FIBA, THE FIBA ZONES, AND THE NATIONAL MEMBER FEDERATIONS

61. A League shall respect the authority of FIBA as the sole competent authority for men's and women's basketball throughout the world, recognised as such by the International Olympic Committee.
62. A League shall respect the authority of the respective FIBA Zone, as delegated to it by FIBA.
63. A League shall respect the authority of the respective national member federation(s) of FIBA as the sole competent authority for men's and women's basketball in its country, as recognised by FIBA.
64. A League shall respect the FIBA General Statutes and Internal Regulations, and those of the respective FIBA Zone and the national member federation(s). Where there is any conflict, the FIBA General Statutes and Internal Regulations shall prevail.
65. In order to ensure permanent lines of communication, a League should be "represented" at national and or international levels as appropriate.
66. Non-compliance with the provisions of this Chapter may lead to the suspension of the national member federation(s) and/or the withdrawal of recognition of the League.
67. Any exceptions to this Chapter can be approved by the FIBA Central Board only.
68. It is generally acknowledged that economic questions related to the management of a League shall be solved by the League and its clubs exclusively, unless otherwise agreed by the parties. Sport-technical questions are generally managed by the federative structure, in particular

nomination of referees and disciplinary processes. Unless parties agree otherwise, those sport-technical aspects shall remain the responsibility of the federative structure.

DETAILED PROVISIONS GOVERNING RECOGNITION OF LEAGUES

69. A League shall not operate in a manner that brings discredit to FIBA, the FIBA Zones, its national member federation(s), or the sport of basketball in general.
70. Provided that a League respects and observes the provisions of this Chapter and the other FIBA Internal Regulations, and also those of the respective Zone and national member federation(s) as applicable, it shall be free to operate as best suits its own interests.
71. The competition that a League is managing and organising at national level shall qualify its top team(s) through the national member federation to the corresponding international competition.
72. All League clubs must be affiliated with the national member federation of the country in which they are domiciled, and ensure also that their players are licensed by that national member federation.
73. All League clubs must play in the respective official national championships.
74. Where an existing League, which operates wholly within the geographic boundaries of a country, agrees to admit up to two teams from another country in the same Zone into the existing league structure, then that League may continue to operate as though it continues to be wholly within the geographic boundaries of the national member federation where it was founded, subject to the agreement of both national member federations and subject also to the general supervision by the respective FIBA Zone.
75. The League shall use only referees and commissioners from the list of national referees and commissioners approved and published by the national member federation or, if the League is a continental/intercontinental league, those from the approved and published list of FIBA Referees and Commissioners.
76. A League shall respect and observe the FIBA harmonised calendar.
77. A League shall respect and observe the FIBA Official Basketball Rules and Mechanics of Officiating, and will assist FIBA in adapting these Rules.
78. A League shall respect the rules of the respective national member federation(s) for the transfer of players within its own geographic boundaries, and also the FIBA Internal Regulations governing the International Transfer of Players, including the special provisions affecting young players as contained in articles 3-67 to 3-81 of these Regulations.
79. A League shall respect the FIBA Regulations governing Players' Agents, and also those of its national member federation where these have been established.

80. A League shall encourage and allow its players to participate in the Competitions of FIBA as members of national teams in accord with articles 3-34 to 3-52.
81. A League shall enforce a reasonable anti-doping testing regime. It shall also respect the FIBA Anti-Doping Regulations, the anti-doping regulations of its national member federation(s) and those prescribed by the national government and its agencies. In case of conflict the FIBA Anti-Doping Regulations shall prevail.
82. A League shall contribute financially to the development of grassroots activities, to the national team program, and to the costs of services the national member federation(s) may provide to the League. The extent of this financial contribution is to be negotiated in good faith by each of the parties.

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

83. The Central Board is entitled to take a decision when matters are not solved at national or Zone level.

CHAPTER 5: FIBA COMMERCIAL RIGHTS

OWNERSHIP AND EXPLOITATION OF COMMERCIAL RIGHTS

84. In accordance with the General Statutes, FIBA is the sole holder of broadcasting, licensing, retail, marketing, sponsorship, data (including data gathered through wearable technology) and equipment rights, and other rights associated with the game now existing, or yet to be developed for the Competitions of FIBA, with the exception of the Olympic Basketball Tournaments. Any reference to the Competitions of FIBA in this Chapter shall be understood to exclude the Olympic Basketball Tournaments.
85. For the FIBA National Team Competitions, FIBA has the right to sell its broadcasting and marketing, licensing, merchandising, and equipment rights for a fee as long as the limits established by the Central Board are respected. This provision does not apply to the Olympic Games, save for FIBA's right to require that the Olympic Basketball Tournaments be played with the same equipment as selected by FIBA for another top-level FIBA National Team Competition (e.g. FIBA Basketball World Cup). The list of selected equipment per event shall be published as an Appendix to these Internal Regulations and may be amended from time to time by FIBA. FIBA may at any time assign parts of or all of the above rights to its divisions, subsidiaries, to the organiser of a Competition of FIBA or to an organisation officially recognised by FIBA as per the FIBA General Statutes.
86. FIBA produces appropriate Marketing, Television, and Events Manuals, which shall guide Local Organising Committees (hereinafter "LOC") with the requirements for exploitation of rights and the organisation of Competitions of FIBA.
87. The division of income from the assignment of these rights will be decided by the Central Board.

BROADCASTING AND OTHER MEDIA RIGHTS

88. Media rights include but are not limited to the transmission (live, delayed, or highlights) of visual images (together with any sound transmission for reception in conjunction with those images) to conventional domestic or home television receivers or such yet to be invented media or devices through which the images will be broadcast or distributed. Such media also includes, but is not limited to, radio, highlight programmes, on-line and internet rights, archive, and news access as well as transmission to mobile devices.
89. In the event that a broadcast signal is produced, it shall be consistent with FIBA's technical requirements (see the FIBA TV manual). FIBA shall receive one broadcast quality master tape which will be Betacam SP or Digital Betacam in PAL format of all games in the Competition of FIBA and a minimum of one DVD copy of the television broadcast signal of each game of the Competition of FIBA, as per technical specification issued by FIBA or its partner.
90. For any game not broadcast by television, FIBA must, upon its request, be provided with a DVD of the respective footage.
91. FIBA will make active use of modern technology for the promotion of the sport of basketball and the FIBA name, for example by means of a website on the Internet. To that end, FIBA has the right

to use any basketball-related information produced by or available from national member federations, Regional Offices, clubs or LOCs including, but not limited to, results, photographs, films and other information on the basketball activities in the respective country/Zone/competition in printed form or by electronic means (e.g. a member federation's website).

92. FIBA has created its own website and will exploit commercial and communication opportunities through this and other electronic devices or technology, including those yet to be developed or invented.
93. FIBA shall have the right to link up to any website produced by a national member federation, Regional Office, club or LOC and to reproduce content from any such site on its own website. National member federations, Regional Offices, clubs and LOCs are permitted to make use of such information for non-commercial purposes and/or to create a link to FIBA's website but prior written approval from FIBA is required. National member federations warrant that they are the owner or the holder of a licence with the ability to unilaterally sublicense to FIBA, at no cost, the content on their respective website and at all times will hold FIBA fully indemnified with respect to any claim brought against FIBA by any person or organisation claiming rights over such content.
94. The creation of a website for a given Competition of FIBA is subject to prior written approval from FIBA. FIBA may elect to host such a site but, if it does not, the site must exist in English language at least and conform to other guidelines set by FIBA.
95. If an electronic signal involving any content information, online scoring or photographs is produced during a Competition of FIBA (content-feeding of website, etc.), FIBA must, upon its request, be provided with a simultaneous data feed of the signal in an appropriate format.

MARKETING RIGHTS AND ADVERTISING RULES

96. Marketing rights include all marketing, merchandising and/or retail rights available or yet to be invented. The exploitation of such rights is organised by FIBA. The sale of these rights includes advertising and other appropriate benefits.
97. All advertising is subject to the same restrictions set out for advertising in Book 2 of these Internal Regulations. FIBA may decide to apply special advertising regulations for certain FIBA National Team Competitions.

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT AND PLAYING COURT

98. Baskets, backboards, backboard supports, backboard padding and backboard support padding:
 - a. Any form of advertising on baskets, backboards, backboard supports, backboard padding and backboard support padding (or surrounding such equipment) is prohibited except for the promotion of the FIBA brand or that of its official sponsor/supplier.
 - b. On the backboard support units, the manufacturer's name, trademark or logo is only permitted

- i. on the metallic structure, usually referred to as the beam (the upper arm), of the backboard supports (once only on each side of the structure and with a maximum size of 300 cm²);
 - ii. on the neck padding of the backboard supports (once only on each side of the supports and with a maximum size of 300 cm²);
 - iii. on the bottom padding of the backboard supports
 - iv. in exceptional cases as authorised by FIBA, on the hoop rim.
 - c. In the event that FIBA has appointed an official technical supplier, the latter's name, trademark or logo may, upon FIBA's written approval, appear at a location approved by FIBA and with a maximum size of up to 600 cm².
 - d. The FIBA logo must appear in the lower left corner and the FIBA Clean Game in the lower right corner of each backboard as described in the respective Event Manual. Both logos will be supplied and applied to the backboards by FIBA.
99. Game Information Boards (Scoreboards):
 - a. Any form of advertising on or around the scoreboards is prohibited except for a specific space dedicated to the manufacturer and the FIBA Equipment and Venue Centre composite logo. This space shall be placed underneath the scoring fields away from the official game clock (see image below).
 - b. In addition, a second designated area on the scoreboard shall be exclusively reserved for FIBA's official timing partner. This space shall be located centrally directly under the game clock on the scoreboard. Depending on the layout of the individual scoreboard, the space for the Official Timing Partner must be reserved directly next to the game clock. FIBA will then independently place the appropriate logo in that space. In any case, the space dedicated to the Official Timing Partner shall be smaller than the one for the manufacturer.
 - c. For the manufacturer's identification space, the FIBA Equipment and Venue Centre composite logo shall be used unless agreed otherwise with FIBA.
100. Twenty-Four Second Device
 - a. FIBA allows for the manufacturer's mark in the form of the FIBA Equipment and Venue Centre composite logo and the mark of the Official Timing Partner to appear once on each Twenty-Four Second Device. Depending on the positioning of the TV cameras, FIBA will position the logo of the Official Timing Partner accordingly prior to the start of the competition.
 - b. If space on the devices allows for more appearances of both marks, Official Timing Partner and Equipment and Venue Centre Partner, FIBA will decide on a case-by-case basis if this is feasible.
 - c. As space on the devices in general is limited, these marks shall under no circumstances interfere with the clear visibility of the game clock and the twenty-four seconds as the functionality of the devices has absolute priority.

4 MEIER, J.	●○○○○	18	108	4	106	4 HUE, S.	●●●●●	16
5 JONES, M.	●●●○○	8				5	○○○○○	0
6 SMITH, E.	●●●○○	3	Manufacturer	Manufacturer	Manufacturer	6 HASSAN, Y.	○○○○○	3
7 FRANK, Y.	●●●○○	20				7 MOUSSA, M.	●●●○○	11
8 NANCE, L.	●●●○○	13	00:00	Timing	00:00	8 RAMIREZ, J.	●●○○○	26
9 KING, H.	●●○○○	0	5	5	5	9 CHEN, Z.	●●○○○	14
10	○○○○○	0				10 WANG, L.	●○○○○	0
11 RUSH, S.	●●○○○	16				11 LEE, B.	●●●○○	4
12	○○○○○	0				12 KIM, T.	●○○○○	10
13 JIMINEZ, M.	●●●○○	21				13 HUBER, R.	●○○○○	13
14 SANCHES, N.	●●●●●	4				14 DAVID, M.	●●●●●	9
15 MANOS, K.	●●○○○	5				15	○○○○○	0

101. Centre circle and free-throw semicircles:

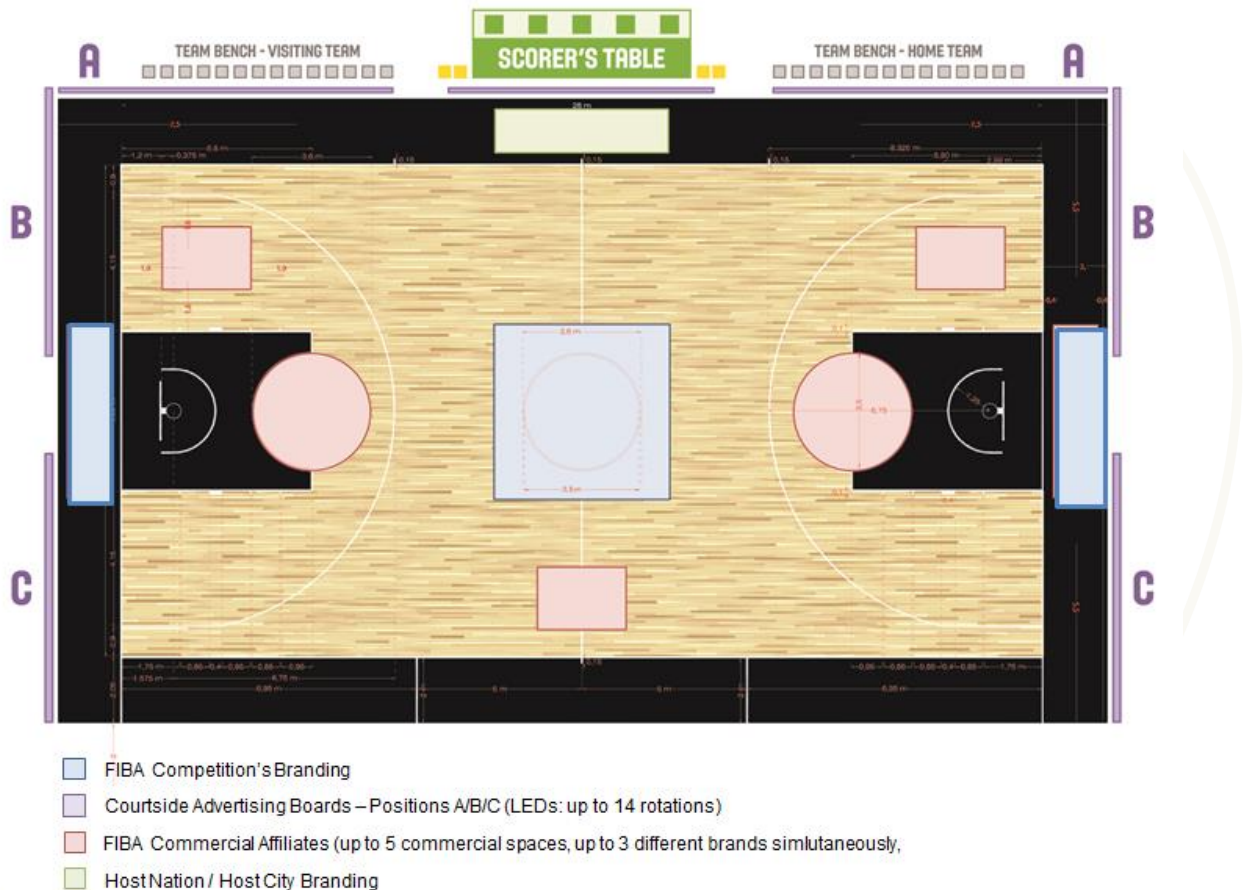
- a. Advertising is prohibited inside the centre circle which is used exclusively by FIBA for its own logo or the competition logo or in the form of a composite logo combining both (See diagram under article 1-102h).
- b. Advertising may be permitted inside the free-throw circles with the explicit approval of FIBA provided that:
 - i. There is only one company name or logo in each circle;
 - ii. The free throw lines are clearly visible.

102. Playing court area:

- a. Advertising is permitted on the playing court according to the diagram below
- b. Subject to article 1-101 above and letter g below, advertising is otherwise prohibited inside the boundaries (end lines and sidelines) of the playing court. Exceptionally, logos of national federation partners are allowed, during the FIBA Basketball World Cup Qualifiers, subject to FIBA's directives and prior written approval.
- c. Advertising in the form of advertising boards is permitted outside the boundaries and in front of the scorer's table. Moving animations are permitted on the advertising boards according to specifications described in the Marketing Manual as long as these animations do not disrupt the players.
- d. Advertising which is free-standing around the court must be padded around the top for the protection of the players.
- e. The name of the arena, city or municipality, etc., as approved by FIBA, can be displayed in white lettering at least 50 cm outside the end lines (inside the further boundary line). At the request of the organisers, other conditions may be accepted by the appropriate FIBA body.
- f. The FIBA logo or name must appear on the playing court in a single mark or in the form of a composite logo combining the FIBA and the competition logo.
- g. In the event that FIBA has appointed an official technical supplier, the latter's name, trademark or logo may, upon FIBA written approval, appear at a location approved by FIBA and with up to a maximum size of up to 6000 cm².

- h. Temporary advertising may be permitted by FIBA on the playing court in the form of branded display or entertainment before the game or at the quarter and half-time breaks.

FIBA BASKETBALL WORLD CUP 2019 ON COURT BRANDING



OTHER ADVERTISING

- 103. FIBA can place composite signage or individual signage including the sponsors' logos as well as other branding material in and around various sites of an event including but not limited to official hotels and hospitality areas. These materials may include but are not limited to interview backdrops, roll-ups and print materials such as official programmes, press releases and others. The Marketing Manual is the leading document for all marketing matters.
- 104. The official logo(s) of a maximum of two (2) sponsors may appear on the main feed of the television broadcast or live streaming of the event in accordance with broadcasters' regulations (TV inserts).

**RIGHTS TO OFFICIAL BALLS, TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT, AND TO UNIFORMS OF REFEREES,
TABLE OFFICIALS, AND VOLUNTEERS**

105. Only FIBA is entitled to issue approval and compliance statements in return for royalties and/or licence fees, if applicable, to the manufacturers of balls, other technical equipment, etc. and to give them official certifications duly signed by the Secretary General.
106. The Competitions of FIBA shall be played only with a ball approved by FIBA bearing the official FIBA logo and with FIBA approved technical equipment.
107. Royalties and/or licences shall be paid to FIBA for official approval of balls, referees' uniforms, and for other technical equipment.
108. Such FIBA approval is valid worldwide for a period as provided by the individual contracts and is given exclusively by the Secretary General.
109. When exercising its rights of approving balls and other technical equipment, FIBA acts through the Equipment and Venue Centre and the legal entity to which said centre is assigned by FIBA.
110. FIBA reserves the right – against royalties and/or licence fees if applicable – to designate the make and type of ball and of all other technical equipment to be used at any Competition of FIBA.
111. If FIBA does not designate the make and type of such equipment for Zone competitions, the Regional Offices, in collaboration with the competition organisers, are authorised to designate the ball and technical equipment to be used. However, the ball and any such technical equipment must have been approved by FIBA.
112. FIBA reserves the right – against royalties and/or licence fees if applicable – to designate the official provider of referees, table officials and volunteers' uniforms.
113. Advertising of one sponsor is permitted on referees' clothing (on both sleeves) during Competitions of FIBA according to specifications (size) described in the Marketing Manual, as long as the rights are exploited by FIBA for all FIBA Referees to be similarly attired.
114. The manufacturer's trademark (logo) may appear on referees' clothing. The size will be determined by FIBA.
115. Advertising is allowed on table officials' and volunteers' clothing during main official competitions of FIBA, if such clothing is supplied and/or sponsored by a commercial partner of FIBA.

**RIGHTS TO IMAGES AND NAMES (INDIVIDUALLY OR COLLECTIVELY) OF PLAYERS, COACHES,
TEAMS (CLUBS AND NATIONAL TEAMS), AND VENUES**

116. For communication, marketing, media, and other licensing activities, FIBA has the right, free of charge, to use photographs, names and/or film material of players, referees, venues etc. taken during Competitions of FIBA. In the event that for legal reasons such use requires the consent of the individual concerned, the national member federation or the club involved must ensure that

such consent is obtained from or waived by the individual. FIBA may require a specific form to be signed by the individual to this effect and be returned to FIBA.

117. FIBA has the right to use the names, logos, and emblems of the teams (clubs and national teams) or of their countries and to use photographs or film material of teams taken during Competitions of FIBA for any purposes including but not limited to commercial purposes.
118. FIBA commercial partners can use photographs of competitions featuring a group of players (three or more) for promotional purposes. However, if the use of these photographs features prominently one specific player, FIBA commercial partners must acquire the individual rights of this specific player.

USE OF FIBA LOGOS

119. The FIBA, and FIBA competition logos and symbols, as depicted in the brand identity guidelines issued by FIBA are registered trademarks and are the sole property of FIBA. Their use requires prior approval by FIBA.
120. The FIBA Regional Offices and the national member federations are encouraged to use the logos on their letterhead and stationery. Any other use requires prior FIBA approval. The logos may be used only in the exact format described in the brand identity guidelines issued by FIBA.
121. As a rule, the use of the logos by national member federations during Competitions of FIBA will be permitted according to the brand identity guidelines and the Marketing Manual provided that the commercial interests of FIBA are not affected. National member federations shall alert and notify FIBA of any circumstance upon which they become aware of any unauthorised use of the FIBA and FIBA competition logos and symbols by any third party.

COPYRIGHT FOR WRITTEN MATERIAL

122. FIBA reserves the copyright for all FIBA rules and regulations and other texts issued under FIBA's control. Any reprints or translations require prior written approval from FIBA.
123. Official translations of the FIBA General Statutes, Internal Regulations and Official Basketball Rules into the official languages of FIBA will be prepared by FIBA.
124. National member federations are permitted to translate the FIBA General Statutes, Internal Regulations and Official Basketball Rules for non-commercial purposes into the language of their respective country, unless this language is one of the official languages of FIBA, provided that:
 - a. No advertising is permitted except on the penultimate page of the translation which is reserved for sponsors not in competition with the official sponsors of FIBA;
 - b. The FIBA logo is shown on the cover;
 - c. A FIBA copyright notice is made on the translation;
 - d. The member federation grants, at no cost to FIBA, a perpetual and unrestricted licence to FIBA to use the translation as FIBA so determines;

- e. FIBA receives an electronic version of the translation for approval prior to production;
- f. Ten (10) hard copies and one (1) electronic in word format is sent to FIBA, free of charge.



CHAPTER 6: SANCTIONS

GENERAL PROVISIONS

125. The present Chapter applies to all games and official activities – including without limitation draws – of Official Basketball Competitions, unless provided otherwise by specific competition regulations enacted by FIBA or a Regional Office, respectively.
126. For the purposes of this Chapter:
- a. national member federation officials (“NF Officials”) shall mean the players, coaches, assistant coaches and followers with special responsibilities (including without limitation: manager, doctor, physiotherapist, statistician, interpreter, mascots etc.) of a national member federation, any accredited members of its delegation, any person holding a position within the national member federation (directors, managers, staff), or any person forming part of (or acting on behalf of) a national member federation.
 - b. FIBA officials (“FIBA Officials”) shall mean the Technical Delegates, the Commissioners, the FIBA Representatives, the Referees, the table officials, the Supervisory Doctor, the Technical Committee members and persons holding an office within FIBA, its divisions or a Local Organising Committee.
127. Any reference in this Chapter to national member federation(s) shall be understood as referring to club(s), with respect to club competitions.
128. The following persons are subject to the jurisdiction of FIBA under the terms herein established:
- a. All divisions of FIBA and their members, including without limitation Zones, Regional Offices, Sub-zones, Sub-sub-zones, Commissions etc.;
 - b. National member federations;
 - c. NF Officials;
 - d. FIBA Officials;
 - e. Players, coaches, referees, commissioners, other game officials, players’ agents and other persons affiliated to or licensed by a national member federation and/or FIBA; and
 - f. Persons having used or in possession of a ticket or accreditation or invitation to or otherwise in attendance at a game of an Official Basketball Competition (“Official Game”).
129. FIBA may provide information at its disposal regarding the behaviour of any person to an authority with jurisdiction, whether concurrent or exclusive, over such person (e.g. WADA, leagues, public authorities etc.).
130. The governing principles regarding sanctions imposed by FIBA are the following:
- a. Violations of the General Statutes and/or the Internal Regulations of FIBA may be sanctioned as provided herein. This applies also to acts amounting to attempted offences or to any type of complicity involving an offence or attempted offence;

- b. Violations of the Official Basketball Rules may be sanctioned as provided in such rules but may also constitute a disciplinary offence, sanctionable also under this Chapter;
- c. Violations of the FIBA Internal Regulations governing Anti-Doping shall be sanctioned exclusively in accordance with said provisions, unless otherwise provided therein;
- d. Unless otherwise specified, offences are sanctionable regardless of whether they have been committed intentionally or negligently;
- e. Disciplinary proceedings may be initiated at the latest ten (10) years from the date the offence occurred (or, in case of continuous offences, from the date the offence ended) or the date of knowledge of the offence by FIBA, whichever comes later;
- f. In addition to personal responsibility, national member federations are strictly liable, and may be sanctioned accordingly, for the conduct of their NF Officials as well as of their supporters.

131. The following sanctions may be imposed on legal entities:

- a. warning;
- b. reprimand;
- c. fine
 - i. up to CHF 2,000 (“administrative fine”)
 - ii. from CHF 2,001 to CHF 300,000 (“disciplinary fine”);
- d. ban from selling tickets to supporters for away games;
- e. annulment of the result of an Official Game;
- f. order that an Official Game be replayed;
- g. deduction of points (for the current and/or a future competition);
- h. order that an Official Game be forfeited;
- i. playing of an Official Game behind closed doors;
- j. full or partial venue closure;
- k. playing of an Official Game in a third city or country;
- l. withholding of financial benefits;
- m. prohibition on registering new players;
- n. disqualification from a competition in progress and/or exclusion from future competition(s);
- o. withdrawal of a title or award;
- p. withdrawal of a license or registration;
- q. service to the benefit of basketball community;
- r. reimbursement of expenses and/or damages incurred by FIBA and affected national member federation(s) as a direct result of the violation;
- s. a combination of the above measures.

132. The following sanctions may be imposed on individuals:
- a. warning;
 - b. reprimand;
 - c. fine
 - i. up to CHF 1,000 (“administrative fine”)
 - ii. from CHF 1,001 to CHF 100,000 (“disciplinary fine”);
 - d. suspension for a specified number of Official Games or for a specified period of time;
 - e. suspension from carrying out a function for a specified number of Official Games or for a specified period of time;
 - f. removal from office;
 - g. ban on all FIBA and FIBA-related activities;
 - h. withdrawal of a title or award;
 - i. service to the benefit of basketball community;
 - j. a combination of the above measures.
133. Disciplinary measures may be
- a. limited to a geographical area or to one or more competitions or parts thereof (e.g. Qualification Round etc.);
 - b. suspended for a probationary period of no less than one (1) year and no longer than five (5) years. If the same or similar offence is committed during the probationary period, the Secretary General may order that the original disciplinary measure be enforced. This may be added to the disciplinary measure imposed for the new offence.
134. The otherwise applicable disciplinary measure may be increased (at least double) in case of a recurrence of the same or similar offence. Recurrence occurs if a disciplinary measure has to be imposed again within five (5) years of a previous offence of a similar nature.
135. Pending resolution of a disciplinary matter, the Secretary General may impose a provisional suspension or other provisional disciplinary measure.
136. In the event of a fine, and unless otherwise stipulated in the decision, the applicable amount shall be paid within thirty (30) days from notification of the decision to the bank account of FIBA without any deductions (e.g. bank charges). Delayed payment shall involve a 5% per annum interest and, at FIBA’s discretion, prohibition from participation until the entire amount has been paid.
137. Unless otherwise stipulated in the decision:
- a. The sanction shall be applied to the Official Game immediately following the notification of the decision. If there is no Official Game on the day of the notification of the decision, the sanction shall be applied as of the day after notification of the decision. For the purposes of this clause, a decision communicated by email or facsimile shall be presumed to have been received by the person or entity concerned once the email has been sent from an email server used by FIBA or in the case of a facsimile once the facsimile has been successfully transmitted by FIBA.

- b. If a coach or Player participates in an Official Game while he is suspended or disqualified, the following shall apply:
 - the Official Game shall be forfeited against the team of the Player or the Coach (see article 1-139); and
 - the sanction on the coach or Player will be doubled or reset and start again, as decided by the body that imposed it.
138. Unless otherwise stipulated in the decision, FIBA may issue mandatory directions regarding the implementation of disciplinary measures (e.g. conduct of an Official Game behind closed doors) within the spirit and letter of the decision.
139. In the event that the competent disciplinary body decides that a national member federation shall lose an Official Game by forfeit, and unless otherwise stipulated in the decision or in this Chapter, the following shall apply:
 - a. If the Official Game is awarded to the national member federation that won the same Official Game (or, in case of stoppage, was leading the score at the time of stoppage) by more than twenty (20) points, then said score shall remain valid.
 - b. In the event that paragraph (a) above does not apply, then the score shall be recorded as twenty to zero (20-0) against the national member federation that lost the Official Game by forfeit.
 - c. In cases of point classification (e.g. Group Phase), the offending national member federation shall receive zero (0) points in the classification.
 - d. In cases of home and away format with point difference, the offending national member federation shall lose the series.
140. In case the forfeiture of the Official Game is a result of default, the following shall apply:
 - a. If the Official Game is awarded to the national member federation that was at the time of stoppage in the lead, then the score when the Official Game was stopped shall remain valid.
 - b. In the event that paragraph (a) above does not apply, then the score shall be recorded as two to zero (2-0) against the national member federation that lost the Official Game by default.
 - c. In cases of point classification (e.g. Group Phase), the offending national member federation shall receive one (1) point in the classification.
 - d. In cases of home and away format with point difference (e.g. Play-Offs), the offending national member federation shall lose the series.
141. In addition to article 1-133b, non-observance of disciplinary measures imposed hereunder constitutes a separate disciplinary offence and shall be subject to the sanctions provided for under this Chapter.
142. Unless otherwise stipulated in the decision, disciplinary measures are carried over to the following same Competition of FIBA (or season, as applicable), until they are fully served.

143. Depending on the seriousness of the offence, the competent FIBA body may decide that a sanction shall apply also to Zone, Sub-Zone, Sub-sub-zone or national member federation competitions, including club competitions.
144. Where a sanction is imposed by FIBA and the person concerned avoids the application of the relevant decision for a period of time (e.g. by participating in activities of an organisation which does not recognise or implement the FIBA decision), such period shall not be credited against the period of sanction unless the Secretary General decides otherwise.

OFFENCES

Administrative Offences

145. FIBA may impose a warning, a reprimand or an administrative fine on a person that does not act in accordance with a provision of a Handbook/Event Manual issued by FIBA or its Regional Offices or in accordance with the Official Basketball Rules on uniforms and/or other equipment. The following is an indicative list, for illustrative purposes only, of administrative offences:
- a. Failing to comply with the various deadlines set out in the Handbook, such as late or incomplete submission of documents for the registration of Players;
 - b. Failing to send the final score, the score at the end of each period and any extra periods within fifteen (15) minutes from the end of the Official Game or to confirm the final score electronically through the software determined by FIBA;
 - c. Failing to send the coaches' and Player quotes within one (1) hour from the end of the Official Game;
 - d. Failing to send the photos within one (1) hour from the end of the Official Game;
 - e. Failing to provide data for live scores and statistics to FIBA's official website;
 - f. Failing to follow the FIBA brand identity guidelines (FIBA Logo, Court Design, etc.);
 - g. Failing to participate in a press conference or on-court flash interview after the end of an Official Game;
 - h. Entering the playing court for the start of the first or third period of an Official Game more than fifteen (15) minutes late (except under circumstances of force majeure).
146. In case the violation of a provision as per article 1-145 above would constitute also a violation of a provision of the General Statutes, the Internal Regulations or the Zone Regulations, the competent disciplinary body may decide on the applicable sanction without regard to the minimum amount for a disciplinary fine.

Disciplinary Offences

147. Violations of the General Statutes, the Internal Regulations, the Zone Regulations and other rules and regulations or decisions of FIBA, whether committed at an administrative or sports level, may be sanctioned.

148. Violations relating to the organisation of Official Games shall be subject to sanction. The following is a non-exhaustive list of offences:

- a. Insufficient organisation of an Official Game by a hosting national member federation
 - i. Venue does not comply with the requirements of the applicable regulations.
 - ii. Lack of equipment (and/or replacement equipment) essential to the organisation of the Official Game.
 - iii. Equipment (and/or replacement equipment) does not comply with the requirements of the Official Basketball Rules or other requirements determined by FIBA.
 - iv. Lack of adequate security measures in or around the venue.
 - v. Circumstances threatening or violating the safety of NF Officials, FIBA Officials or spectators in or around the venue during or immediately before/after the Official Game.
 - vi. Failure to comply with hosting obligations as per the applicable regulations.
- b. Advertising
 - i. Use of advertising that does not comply with the requirements of the applicable regulations.
- c. Music during an Official Game
 - i. Musical instruments played by a live band during an Official Game in a place of the venue other than the area permitted by FIBA or at times other than those permitted by FIBA.
 - ii. Music played over the public announcement system (pre-recorded or by a live band).
 - iii. The use of a microphone in a non-neutral way (e.g. to encourage one team or incite one team's supporters).

149. Violations relating to the participation in Official Games shall be subject to sanction. The following is a non-exhaustive list of offences:

- a. Presenting less than ten (10) eligible players at the beginning of an Official Game shall incur a disciplinary fine.
- b. Use of unregistered player(s) or ineligible player(s) shall result in forfeiture of the Official Game. In the event of a second offence, the team may be disqualified from the competition and a future suspension and/or a disciplinary fine may additionally be imposed.
- c. Unsportsmanlike behaviour of the public towards NF Officials, FIBA Officials or third parties (e.g. media representatives, specific social or other groups etc.), including without limitation:
 - i. Inciting violence towards NF Officials or supporters, or FIBA officials;
 - ii. Throwing of objects which may or may not cause injury;
 - iii. Lighting of fireworks or any other objects;
 - iv. Otherwise endangering and/or threatening NF Officials or FIBA Officials (e.g. threatening chants, using laser pens, etc.);
 - v. In the event that a violation of this article causes the Official Game to be interrupted, it shall be considered an aggravating circumstance;
 - vi. In the event that a violation of this article causes the Official Game to be stopped and for any reason whatsoever not resumed, it shall be considered a particularly

- aggravating circumstance, which may incur the forfeiture of the Official Game by the national member federation that bore sole or higher responsibility for the violation or the game to be replayed in the event that the level of responsibility is equally shared, and at least one (1) Official Game behind closed doors for the national member federation(s) responsible;
- vii. In the event that a violation of this article causes an injury, it shall be considered a particularly aggravating circumstance, incurring as a minimum one (1) Official Game behind closed doors;
 - viii. Entrance or intrusion of unauthorised persons into the playing court before, during or after an Official Game;
 - ix. Aggression or attempted aggression on or off the playing court against NF Officials or supporters, or against FIBA Officials;
 - x. Inciting, aiding or abetting unsportsmanlike behaviour, regardless if such behaviour eventually took place;
 - xi. In principle, responsibility for ensuring the proper behaviour of the public lies with the hosting national member federation. However, disciplinary measures may be imposed, whether additionally to another party or not, on the visiting national member federation in the event of unsportsmanlike behaviour by its supporters or NF Officials.
150. Unsportsmanlike behaviour shall be subject to sanction. The following is a non-exhaustive list of offences:
- a. Any type of unsportsmanlike behaviour or behaviour that tarnishes the image or reputation of FIBA and/or of basketball, including without limitation threatening, intimidating, insult, verbal or physical abuse, by NF Officials towards another NF's Officials or supporters, FIBA Officials, the public or third parties (e.g. media representatives, specific social or other groups etc.);
 - b. Use of gestures, words, objects or any other means to transmit any message that is not fit for a sports event, particularly messages that are of a political, ideological, religious, offensive or provocative nature;
 - c. Abuse of or tampering with equipment in the venue or other competition-related facility (on-court equipment, dressing rooms, hotel, etc.);
 - d. Derogatory remarks against NF Officials or supporters, FIBA Officials, the public or third parties (e.g. media representatives, specific social or other groups etc.);
 - e. Inciting, aiding or abetting unsportsmanlike behaviour, regardless if such behaviour eventually took place;
 - f. Violation of the substantive provisions of the FIBA Code of Ethics;
 - g. Violation of the substantive provisions of the FIBA Code of Conduct and Fair Play.
151. Violations of the FIBA Internal Regulations governing Betting and Corruption are subject to sanction.

PROCEDURAL PROVISIONS

Competence

152. The competent FIBA bodies in the first instance shall be
- a. the Secretary General, or his delegate;
 - b. the Disciplinary Panel, if a case is submitted to it by the Secretary General or if expressly provided in the Internal Regulations (e.g. for anti-doping rule violations).
153. The Secretary General shall appoint a pool of minimum two (2) and maximum six (6) persons, among which at least one (1) member of the Legal Commission and one (1) member of the Medical Commission. The Secretary General shall appoint, from among the above-mentioned persons, the Chairman and member(s) of the Disciplinary Panel for each case and decide whether it shall perform its duties through a 3-member panel, a 2-member panel or a single judge. Decisions are taken by majority; the Chairman has the casting vote.
- In cases involving a potential anti-doping rule violation, the Disciplinary Panel shall act as a 2-member or 3-member panel and shall include the member of the Medical Commission.
154. During FIBA National Team Competitions for which a Technical Committee has been constituted, such Technical Committee shall be the competent FIBA body in the first instance. Appeals against decisions of the Technical Committee may be lodged exclusively with the Jury of Appeal of the competition in accordance with Book 2 of the Internal Regulations. An appeal to the Jury of Appeal shall be lodged within a deadline established by the Technical Committee in its decision taking into account the smooth running of the concerned competition, but such deadline shall not be less than two (2) hours from the time of notification of the decision.
- Exceptionally, the Central Board may decide for a specific main official competition of FIBA (see article 2-2):
- a. to appoint a member of the Appeals' Panel to act as Chairman of the Jury of Appeal; or
 - b. to delegate some or all authority for first instance decision-making to the FIBA Disciplinary Panel and for last instance decision-making to an ad-hoc division of the Court of Arbitration for Sport.

Disciplinary Procedure

155. Subject to the provisions hereunder, the competent body may issue directions with respect to the conduct of the proceedings before it.
156. Except for urgent matters and Administrative Offences, a sanction may not be imposed before the person concerned has had the opportunity to be heard and to present his case. The competent FIBA body is free to decide whether the right to be heard may be exercised solely in writing (ordinary mail, facsimile, email), or also orally. It may authorise the use of telephone or video conference. Proceedings shall be conducted in English unless otherwise decided by the competent FIBA body. All persons who are the subject of proceedings may be assisted by a legal representative of their choice and/or a representative of the respective national member federation.

157. The competent FIBA body is entitled to administrative assistance from the FIBA Secretariat and to the benefit of legal counsel.
158. Facts related to offences may be established by any reliable evidence, including without limitation admissions, official reports and records, witness testimonies, party testimonies, on-site inspections, expert opinions, television and video recordings, personal confessions, and other records and documents.
159. Facts contained in reports of FIBA Officials are presumed to be accurate. Any party may prove their inaccuracy on a balance of probabilities, in which case the burden of proof shall revert to FIBA.
160. Notice shall be made directly to the person concerned. In the case of NF Officials, notice may be made by sending the notice by email or facsimile to the respective national member federation. In the absence of a receipt confirmation, the notice will be presumed to have been delivered twenty-four (24) hours after dispatch of the respective email from an email server used by FIBA/the competent body or the successful transmission of a facsimile.
161. Any person may provide to FIBA information relating to a possible disciplinary offence by another person. However, unless allowed by the competent FIBA body as a witness or expert, no person other than the accused person may participate in disciplinary proceedings under this Chapter.
162. All persons under FIBA's jurisdiction are obliged to comply with a summons to appear as a witness. A person failing to comply with a summons may be sanctioned in accordance with this Chapter. The competent FIBA body may take due account or even draw adverse inference (the latter only if mentioned together with the summons) from any refusal to appear at a hearing and/or provide evidence on the part of a party, a party's representative or a witness.
163. Parties shall be responsible for and bear the expenses of their representatives, experts, witnesses, legal counsel, etc.
164. The competent FIBA body shall evaluate the evidence, taking into consideration the specific conditions under which the events occurred, the previous conduct of the person(s) concerned and generally all the circumstances in order to determine whether and to what extent a disciplinary measure is required.
165. Proceedings before FIBA in the first instance shall be free of charge. However, if the competent FIBA body decides that a hearing shall be organised under this Chapter, it may make the organisation of such hearing dependent upon one or more of the parties paying to FIBA reasonable administrative costs.
166. The competent FIBA body will issue a decision which shall include a summary of its findings. The decision will provide sufficient information or a reference to the provisions applicable to the appeal process, if any. Decisions on Administrative Offences may be delivered without reasons.
167. Decisions (or parts thereof) issued in accordance with this Chapter may be published on the FIBA official website and/or the official FIBA publications.

168. Members of the competent FIBA bodies and the staff of FIBA are not liable for any actions or failures to act in connection with disciplinary proceedings, except for cases of gross negligence or unlawful intent.
169. Appeals are governed by Book1, Chapter 7 of these Internal Regulations.

SANCTIONS IMPOSED BY FIBA ZONES OR BY NATIONAL MEMBER FEDERATIONS

170. FIBA Zones or national member federations may impose sanctions in accordance with their own regulations.
171. Such regulations must provide for a hearing by an independent body, the entity/person implicated shall have the right to be heard, and a right of appeal by the entity/person implicated from the decision of the first body.
172. With respect to disciplinary decisions taken by FIBA Zones or national member federations or by organisations outside FIBA and its national member federations (e.g. state bodies, the IOC or other national or international sports organisations inside or outside the Olympic movement) FIBA is to be informed and a complete file on the decision must be compiled to be available to FIBA upon request.

The Secretary General of FIBA may, upon request or ex officio:

- a. Decide that the decision be adopted for FIBA purposes, if the following requirements are cumulatively met:
 - i. the affected natural or legal person has been cited properly;
 - ii. he has been given an opportunity to be heard;
 - iii. the decision has been properly communicated;
 - iv. the decision is not in conflict with the regulations of FIBA;
 - v. extending the sanction does not conflict with ordre public.

In deciding whether the above-mentioned requirements are fulfilled, the Secretary General, the FIBA Appeals' Panel or the CAS shall not review the merits of the decision in question. Under exceptional circumstances the Secretary General may request the parties involved to state their position only as regards the fulfilment of the above-mentioned requirements.

- b. Take a decision for FIBA purposes in accordance with articles 1-125 to 1-144 above or refer the matter to the Disciplinary Panel mentioned in article 1-152.b above.
- c. Provisionally suspend the affected person from participating in any capacity in national and/or international basketball activities pending a decision under this article.

If a sanction or provisional suspension is imposed by FIBA under these provisions, or a decision is adopted for FIBA purposes, all national member federations shall apply this decision for the purposes of their national competitions and shall take all necessary action to render such decision effective.

CHAPTER 7: APPEALS

THE FIBA APPEALS' PANEL

173. The Appeals' Panel shall hear appeals filed by an affected party against decisions of FIBA including its organs and disciplinary bodies, unless such appeal is the competence of an Appeals' Panel of a FIBA Zone or expressly excluded in the FIBA General Statutes or Internal Regulations.
174. Challenges against decisions of referees or table officials made during or at the conclusion of games, to the extent permitted, are dealt with in accordance with the Official Basketball Rules (Appendix C, Protest Procedure) and are not subject to appeal to the FIBA Appeals' Panel.
175. The Chairman and the Deputy Chairman of the Appeals' Panel are appointed by the FIBA Central Board in accordance with the FIBA General Statutes. The Chairman (or, as provided in the General Statutes, the Deputy Chairman) shall oversee the activities of the Appeals' Panel and shall have the responsibilities assigned to him in these Regulations.

PANELS, NUMBER OF JUDGES

176. Ordinary appeals that do not fall under article 1-177 below shall be heard by a single judge unless the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel decides in his sole discretion that a matter shall be ruled upon by a panel of three (3) members acting as judges, (one of whom shall be the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel as per article 1-178 below). Any reference to single judge, below, shall be understood as a reference also to the president of the panel, in those cases in which a three (3) person panel is appointed.
177. Appeals against warnings, reprimands or financial penalties shall be heard in all cases by a single judge, unless the financial penalty is part of a sanction comprising financial and other aspects.

JUDGES

178. The Central Board shall appoint at least seven (7) members of the Appeals' Panel as judges for a four (4)-year period between two (2) FIBA World elective Congresses. One of them shall be appointed as the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel; one of them as the Deputy Chairman of the Appeals' Panel; and one of them as a single judge to hear appeals against warnings, reprimands or financial penalties (article 1-177 above). For each individual case, the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel shall designate, from the members of the Appeals' Panel, the single judge or, if the case is to be decided by a panel of three (3) members (article 1-176), the two (2) members who shall act as judges together with the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel (who shall, in this case, act as president of the panel).
179. In the event of resignation or other reason of inability to act as judge, such judge shall be replaced in the individual case or permanently by another judge appointed according to article 1-178 above by decision of the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel.
180. The judges shall have legal training. Persons employed by FIBA or holding a position within FIBA or one of its Zones cannot be appointed as judges.

181. In each case, the judges must be and remain throughout the proceedings impartial towards the parties and must disclose immediately to the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel any circumstance likely to affect their impartiality. The fact that a judge has the same nationality as the appealing party shall disqualify him from hearing the case in question. The Chairman of the Appeals' Panel shall be authorised to decide on any matter relating to the impartiality of a judge.

FAIR TRIAL

182. The parties have the right:
- a. To have their appeal heard in a hearing.
 - b. To be represented by legal counsel.
 - c. To make written submissions.
 - d. To present evidence at the hearing.
183. The appealing party shall not communicate directly or take up direct contact with the members of the panel on matters relating to an appeal.

TIME LIMIT FOR APPEALS AND PAYMENT OF FEES

184. Appeals must be made in writing and must be received by FIBA within the time limit provided for in the applicable General Statutes or Internal Regulations of FIBA. In the absence of such a time limit the statement of appeal must be received by FIBA within fourteen (14) days following the day of receipt by the appealing party of the decision being appealed against. Failure to file a timely appeal in accordance with this paragraph is deemed to be a waiver of the right to appeal.

The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the decision appealed against.

185. The reasons for the appeal and the answer shall be filed by the deadlines fixed by the single judge unless the applicable regulations provide that they must be filed along with the statement of appeal; they must be in the French or English language.

If the reasons for appeal are not submitted within the deadline fixed by the single judge, the appeal will be deemed withdrawn.

186. Unless the single judge orders otherwise, the parties shall not be authorised to supplement their argument, nor to produce new exhibits, nor to specify further evidence on which they intend to rely after submission of the grounds for the appeal and of the answer. In the event that the appealing party fails to sign and return a procedural order, no date for a hearing will be fixed or a hearing date already fixed will be cancelled and the time limit set forth in article 1-192 below shall be deemed waived.

187. The single judge shall fix a final date for the return of the signed procedural order following which the appeal will be deemed withdrawn unless the order is received by FIBA.

188. The single judge may make further procedural orders. In particular, he may fix a deadline by which the parties must submit the names of the witnesses they wish to call to testify at the hearing.

189. The appeal proceedings are subject to the payment of the non-reimbursable fee set forth in article 1-298. The fee must be received by FIBA within the time limit for the appeal provided for in article 1-184.

JOINDER

190. If FIBA intends to cause a third party to participate in appeal proceedings (joinder) it shall so advise single judge in writing. The latter shall immediately inform the appealing party and the party to be joined, and invite them to state their position within a time limit fixed by the single judge. Upon expiry of the time limit, the single judge shall decide whether the joinder is accepted. If he so decides, the joined party shall be bound by the outcome of the proceedings even if he does not actively participate in them.

HEARING, AWARD

191. There shall be one (1) hearing with oral arguments unless the right to have such hearing is waived by the appealing party. The hearing shall be held in the French or English language according to the decision of the single judge. Appeals' Panel hearings shall be held at the FIBA headquarters unless decided otherwise by the single judge.

The president of the panel may decide that the hearing be held before only one judge.

192. In cases of ordinary appeals, hearings shall take place within four (4) weeks following receipt by FIBA of the statement of appeal unless decided otherwise by the single judge. They can be scheduled to take place within a few days following receipt of the statement of appeal if the matter requires an immediate decision.

193. Appeals against warnings, reprimands or financial penalties shall be heard once every quarter by the single judge appointed according to article 1-178 above.

194. Unless a single judge is appointed, the award shall be rendered by majority decision within four (4) weeks following the date of the oral hearing. Brief reasons must be given.

Upon decision of the president of the panel, a decision may be taken by correspondence.

195. Appeals to the Appeals' Panel shall not have suspensory effect unless ordered otherwise by the single judge.

196. The award shall have immediate effect unless ordered otherwise by the single judge. A further appeal (article 1-198 below) shall not have suspensory effect.

INTERIM MEASURES

197. The single judge may, upon motion and with or without first hearing the parties, issue such orders for interim relief as he may deem necessary to safeguard the rights and interests of the parties. If

the motion for interim measures is made prior to the appointment of the single judge or three (3)-member panel, the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel may decide on such motion.

FURTHER APPEAL

198. A further appeal against the decision by the Appeals' Panel can only be lodged with the Court of Arbitration for Sport in Lausanne, Switzerland, within twenty-one (21) days following notice of the reasons for the decision (see article 1-160). The Court of Arbitration for Sport shall act as an arbitration tribunal and there shall be no right to appeal to any other jurisdictional body. If so requested by FIBA, the CAS shall establish an expedited procedural calendar in order to ensure the smooth running of any directly or indirectly affected competition(s).

CONFLICTING REGULATIONS

199. In the event of conflicting regulations, the FIBA General Statutes and Internal Regulations, other than these Appeals' Regulations, shall prevail.

FEES AND COSTS

200. The appealing party(ies) must pay a non-reimbursable fee(s) (see article 1-298) along with the filing of the appeal or, at the latest, within a final date fixed by the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel. In the event that the Appeals' Panel has not received the non-reimbursable fee by the specified date, the appeal shall be automatically deemed withdrawn.
201. Upon receipt of the statement of appeal and of the non-reimbursable fee the single judge will fix, subject to later changes, the amount and the method of payment of an advance on costs of the proceedings.
202. In the event that the Appeals' Panel has not received the advance on costs by the specified date, the appeal shall be automatically deemed withdrawn.
203. The parties and the joined parties shall be responsible for the costs of their own counsel, witnesses, experts and interpreters.
204. In its decision, the panel shall determine whether and to what extent the appealing party is to be reimbursed for the costs advanced by it according to article 1-200 above, or whether and to what extent the appealing party is to pay an amount of costs in addition to the advance fixed in article 1-200.

When making its determination, the panel shall in particular take into account the outcome of the proceedings and the conduct and the financial resources of the appealing party.

REMUNERATION AND JUDGES' FEES

205. The fees to be paid to each judge are fixed by the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel based on the amount of time each judge reasonably needs to carry out his work. In principle, an hourly fee as

set out in article 1-297 is taken into account. If circumstances require it, the Chairman of the Appeals' Panel may decide to fix the fees at an amount less than that which would result from the above-mentioned hourly rate.

206. Apart from the payment of his fees, each judge is entitled to request reimbursement of his travel (economy class) and staying expenses (FIBA rates) on presentation of receipts. Each judge must ensure that he does not incur inordinately high costs.

CHAPTER 8: THE FIBA AWARDS

207. FIBA has created the following awards:

- a. FIBA Hall of Fame
- b. FIBA Order of Merit
- c. Radomir Shaper Prize of FIBA
- d. FIBA Silver Plate Award

[Note – Names of recipients of the awards a. to c. are set out in Appendix 3 of this Book 1].

THE HALL OF FAME

Policy

208. The FIBA Hall of Fame was inaugurated in 2007 in Alcobendas, Spain to mark the 75th anniversary of the formation of FIBA.
209. The over-riding objective of the Hall of Fame is to reflect the history of the sport and to promote international basketball and its main protagonists.
210. The key criterion for selection for the FIBA Hall of Fame is outstanding achievement at the international level from personal effort or initiative, in a field of endeavour that contributes to the performances of players and coaches throughout the world. Particular attention is given to achievements in national team competitions.
211. Inductees into the FIBA Hall of Fame will be in two divisions:
 - a. Player
 - b. Coach
212. The honour may be awarded posthumously.
213. Unless otherwise decided by FIBA, there will be no more than six (6) persons per intake which will occur every year. At least two thirds of each intake will be from the player division. It is not necessary to make an award in each division at each intake.
214. Players must have been retired from international competition for three (3) years before being eligible for induction.
215. Given the history of the sport, a balance between the genders may not be achieved initially, but it is the longer-term intention to achieve equality between the genders.
216. Inductions into the FIBA Hall of Fame will be at a suitable international function/event which will reflect the importance of the award and inductees will be presented with a framed citation which sets out briefly his/her contribution to the sport and a crystal glass cube trophy, preferably by the

President of FIBA. The date for the ceremony shall be established no later than ten (10) months in advance and should take place on a weekend in the month of September, taking into consideration the international event calendar.

217. The Central Board will consider meeting the costs of inductees attending the induction function.
218. The names of the inductees for a new intake are confidential up to the time of the public announcement by FIBA.

Selection Process

219. National member federations, Zones, Central Board members, and the Screening Committee (see article 1-222) may submit nominations. A member of the Central Board is not eligible for nomination while still in office. Past nominations remain valid until the candidate is inducted or the nomination withdrawn by the person that submitted it or the candidate himself.
220. Unless otherwise announced by FIBA to the national member federations, nominations will be called at least twelve (12) months before the planned date of the induction function and will close ten (10) months before that date.
221. A Nominations Package consisting of a completed nomination form (available from the FIBA Secretariat) and news clippings, magazine articles, and/or other informative and factual data about the candidate will be submitted to the Screening Committee at FIBA headquarters.
222. The Secretary General shall appoint a Screening Committee consisting of himself and two other appropriate persons. Members of the Screening Committee shall not be members of the Honours Committee (see article 1-223). The Screening Committee shall carefully assess all nominations against the general criteria and submit a list of candidates (not necessarily restricted to the number who may be inducted at an intake) to the Honours Committee.
223. The Central Board shall appoint three of their members (one of whom shall be the President) to be the Honours Committee. They shall receive the list from the Screening Committee, assess the nominations, and make the final decisions regarding each intake into the FIBA Hall of Fame.

FIBA ORDER OF MERIT

Policy

224. Individuals only may receive this award.
225. Any person having distinguished himself in the field of basketball and having rendered exceptional services to sport, either through personal accomplishment or through his contribution to the development of basketball or sport in general may be awarded this Order.
226. There are two (2) categories of award:
 - a. For basketball personalities (honorary members of FIBA, heads of national member federations or Zones, coaches, referees, players, etc.).
 - b. For political and media personalities.

227. A maximum of two (2) persons per year may receive this award.
228. Active members of the FIBA Central Board may not be awarded the Order of Merit.
229. In principle, the Order of Merit shall not be awarded posthumously other than in exceptional circumstances.
230. The distinction of the Order of Merit and a diploma will be presented to the recipient by the President, by a member of the Central Board designated by him or, failing this, by a person to be nominated by him, on the occasion of an official ceremony.
231. The official and compulsory protocol requires that the distinction of the Order of Merit of FIBA shall be awarded after the following lines have been spoken:
- "Mr/Mrs (first name and surname), in recognition of your outstanding contributions to world basketball and your loyalty to the sporting ideal, I award you (in the name of the President of FIBA) the FIBA Order of Merit."

Selection Process

232. The FIBA President, the Secretary General, and Zone Presidents may nominate persons for the Order of Merit.
233. The final choice lies with the FIBA Central Board on the recommendation of the FIBA President and the Secretary General.

THE RADOMIR SHAPER PRIZE OF FIBA

Policy

234. Individuals only may receive the Radomir Shaper Prize.
235. Any person having distinguished himself in the field of basketball rules may be awarded this Prize.
236. Nominations and bestowals will be subject to annual quotas put forward by the Secretary General and decided on by the FIBA Central Board.
237. Active members of the FIBA Central Board may not be awarded the Radomir Shaper Prize.
238. The distinction of the Radomir Shaper Prize and the diploma will be presented to the recipient by the President, by a member of the Central Board designated by him or, failing this, by a person to be nominated by him, on the occasion of an official ceremony.
239. The official and compulsory protocol requires that the distinction of the Radomir Shaper Prize of FIBA shall be awarded after the following lines have been spoken:
- "Mr/Mrs (first name and surname), in recognition of your outstanding contributions to world basketball and your loyalty to the sporting ideal, and to the basketball rules in particular, I award you (in the name of the President of FIBA) the FIBA Radomir Shaper Prize."

Selection Process

240. Nominations may be put forward by any national member federation or FIBA officials to the Secretary General. The final choice lies with the Central Board on the recommendation of the Secretary General.

THE FIBA SILVER PLATE AWARD

241. Individuals, national member federations or other organisations may receive this Award.
242. Any person or organisation having distinguished itself in the field of basketball or having rendered great services to sport nationally and/or internationally may receive this Award.
243. The distinction of the FIBA Silver Plate Award will be presented to the recipient by the Secretary General or by a person nominated by him.
244. In certain cases, the conferment of the Award will also include a diploma.

Selection Process

245. Nominations may be put forward by any national member federation or FIBA officials to the Secretary General and awards will be decided upon by the Secretary General.

CHAPTER 9: ORGANISING MEETINGS OF THE CONGRESS AND THE CENTRAL BOARD**THE CONGRESS**

246. The organisers of the FIBA Basketball World Cup will cover the costs of the organisation of the FIBA Congress. They are responsible for arranging and covering the expenses of:
- a. A meeting room for three (3) days seating four hundred and fifty (450) people where the Congress will convene.
 - b. Table microphones for every second person attending the Congress. In the event that this type of equipment is not available, portable microphones should be placed in the meeting room and professional technicians should assist the attendees. Delegates should be offered audio headsets as they enter the room.
 - c. Podium microphones, fixed on stands. Cordless, hand-held microphones are not acceptable.
 - d. A meeting room seating forty-five (45) people for the meetings of the Central Board on the day preceding and on the second day following the meeting of the Congress.
 - e. Simultaneous interpretation (i.e. without relay) (equipment and interpreters) in the five (5) official languages of FIBA for the meetings of the Congress and Central Board.
 - f. An office and the necessary equipment for the Secretariat of FIBA for a period beginning at least two (2) weeks prior to the beginning of the Congress and terminating two (2) days after the end of the FIBA Basketball World Cup.
 - g. A staffed reception room close to the FIBA Congress meeting room for a period beginning at least three (3) days before the start of the FIBA Congress where the Local Organising Committee (LOC) can welcome the FIBA Congress delegates and distribute information to them.
 - h. A registration room/area close to the FIBA office for a period beginning at least one (1) week before the start of the FIBA Congress, which will be staffed by FIBA personnel and used for the registration of attending delegates.
 - i. A storage room close to the FIBA office where FIBA staff can store and prepare all the necessary material for the Congress.
 - j. Coffee breaks, lunches, and dinners unless offered by the commercial partners of FIBA.
 - k. The transportation and hotel rooms for the Central Board and the FIBA Secretariats per the Regulations governing the FIBA Basketball World Cup.
 - l. Accommodation (bed and breakfast) for a maximum of four (4) nights, for one delegate per attending National member federation.
 - m. The organisers shall be responsible for ensuring the free admission of the delegates to the FIBA Basketball World Cup for providing a hospitality area with appropriate snacks and drinks for them at the venues and for providing transport from their hotels to the Congress and World Cup venues.
247. The requirements for article 1-246 for the elective Congress shall apply mutatis mutandis to the organisation of a mid-term Congress.

THE CENTRAL BOARD

248. Generally, with exception in the year when the Congress meets, the Central Board meets twice a year. In the normal course of events, these meetings are held either at the FIBA headquarters or at the headquarters of one of the five (5) Zones (FIBA Africa, FIBA Americas, FIBA Asia, FIBA Oceania, and FIBA Europe).
249. Prior to the Congress there shall be a preparatory meeting and this meeting normally takes place at the FIBA headquarters at least ninety (90) days before the meeting of Congress.
250. In the year in which the Congress meets, there are two (2) additional meetings of the Central Board, one held the day before the Congress convenes, and the other on the second day after the Congress concludes. These two (2) meetings are held at the same site as the Congress.
251. Meetings of the Central Board may be held at venues other than the headquarters of FIBA or the Zones at the invitation of another body. In that event, the organisers of a meeting of the Central Board will cover the costs of the general organisation according to FIBA's requirements as set out in the following paragraphs:
- a. Providing a conference room for fifty (50) people with simultaneous translation in four (4) languages;
 - b. Transportation of participants from and to the airport or main railway station, local transport during their stay up to the time of departure;
 - c. Providing a secretariat with telephone, fax, photocopier, computer and printer, three (3) to five (5) Internet connections and the assistance of one or more multilingual secretaries if requested;
 - d. Providing simultaneous interpreters (i.e. without relay) for up to four (4) languages as specified by the Secretariat of FIBA. The interpreters put forward must be approved by the Secretariat of FIBA;
 - e. The accommodation for a maximum of fifty (50) persons including:
 - i. Members of the Central Board with full rights;
 - ii. Individuals required to be present as stated in the General Statutes;
 - iii. Six to ten (6 - 10) members of the Secretariat of FIBA, for a period covering:
 - The duration of the meeting (number of days);
 - Plus two (2) nights hotel accommodation for members as per article 1-251(e)(i) and (ii) from the Zone where the meeting is held;
 - Plus three (3) nights hotel accommodation for members as per article 1-251(e)(i) and (ii) from outside the Zone where the meeting is held;
 - Plus four (4) nights for the members of the Secretariat of FIBA and the Secretary General.
 - iv. All meals for all participants, mainly buffet-style, but including one official dinner and/or reception;

- v. Travel expenses for the President and Secretary General as well as the FIBA staff members.

252. In the event of a session of the Central Board being held at the headquarters of one of the five Zones, the latter is responsible for the organisation and expenses of the items listed in articles 1-251.a to 1-251.e.

CHAPTER 10: NOMINATIONS AND ELECTIONS

GENERAL

253. The Congress elects the President, the Treasurer and up to thirteen (13) members of the Central Board, in accordance with the General Statutes and the provisions of these regulations.
254. The Central Board has enacted these regulations in accordance with Article 42 of the General Statutes

NOMINATIONS

255. By no later than the one-hundred-and-twentieth (120th) day prior to the first day of the elective Congress, the Secretary General shall invite the national member federations (“NMFs”) to nominate candidates for the above-mentioned positions as follows:
 - a. For the position of President, only NMFs from the Zone that is next in the order established by the General Statutes may nominate a candidate;
 - b. For the position of Treasurer and the thirteen (13) Central Board members, any NMF may nominate a candidate.
256. A person who has served in the Central Board at least two (2) complete terms of office may nominate himself as a candidate for one of the above-mentioned positions. This right may be exercised only once in the person’s career. All requirements of these Regulations, except for the endorsement of his NMF, apply to such candidature.
257. The invitation shall include the exact date and time until which nominations may be submitted (cf. article 1-259 below) as well as the applicable eligibility criteria (cf. articles 1-262 to 1-266 below). The invitation shall also be published on FIBA’s official website.
258. The Secretary General may issue a template nomination form that can be used by NMFs. In any event, the nomination shall contain at least the following information:
 - a. The name of the NMF nominating the candidate;
 - b. The signature of the NMF’s president or secretary general;
 - c. The name of the candidate;
 - d. The position for which the candidate is nominated;
 - e. A signed declaration by the NMF and the candidate confirming that all the eligibility criteria of the General Statutes and Internal Regulations of FIBA are met by the candidate and that the candidate will at all times comply with said documents, in particular the FIBA Code of Ethics.

The nomination must be accompanied with a signed Curriculum Vitae of the candidate in English or French language, not exceeding one (1) A4-sized page. It shall contain a summary of the candidate’s professional skills/background (including formal qualifications) and basketball-related activities, with emphasis on the criteria set out in article 1-271.a below.

259. Nominations received by FIBA after midnight, Swiss time, of the ninetieth (90th) day prior to the first day of the elective Congress, shall be inadmissible.
260. A NMF may nominate one (1) candidate for President, one (1) candidate for Treasurer and one (1) candidate for Central Board membership.
261. The Secretary General shall forward all nominations received to the Nominations Panel.

ELIGIBILITY

262. Prior to submitting a nomination, each NMF shall ensure that its nomination meets the requirements set out in these regulations.
263. Candidates for the position of President, Treasurer or Central Board member elected by Congress:
- Shall hold the nationality or have resided for a continuous period of eight (8) years in the territory of the NMF that nominated them;
 - Shall never have been condemned by a final decision of a state court or professional association body for any criminal or otherwise improper activities, either within or outside basketball;
 - Shall never have been sanctioned for a serious disciplinary offence by a final decision of FIBA or the IOC;
 - Shall never have initiated legal proceedings or given instructions to initiate legal proceedings before state courts against FIBA or any of its divisions;
264. In addition, candidates for the position of President:
- Shall come from a NMF of the Zone that is next in the order established by the General Statutes;
 - Shall come from a NMF that has organized at least one (1) FIBA or Zone competition in the eight (8) years prior to the elective Congress;
 - Shall have served at least one (1) complete term of office in the FIBA Central Board directly preceding the elective Congress and/or at least two (2) complete consecutive terms of office in a Zone Board directly preceding the elective Congress.
265. In addition, candidates for the position of Treasurer:
- Shall have served at least one (1) complete term of office in the Central Board, in a Zone Board or in a FIBA Commission;
 - Shall have solid experience in financial matters and/or in the management of the affairs of a NMF. Experience in the management of a corporate entity shall also be accepted;
 - Shall not have the same nationality as the President and the Secretary General, in the event that both have the same nationality (Article 15.1.8 General Statutes).

266. In addition, candidates for the position of Central Board members to be elected by Congress:
- a. Shall not have the same nationality as the President of the Zone (Article 15.1.8 General Statutes)
 - b. Shall not have the same nationality as the President, the Secretary General or the Treasurer, in the event that two of these three persons have the same nationality (Article 15.1.8 General Statutes);
 - c. Shall have served at least two (2) complete terms of office in the highest board of the NMF that nominated them or one (1) complete term of office in the Zone Board.

NOMINATIONS PANEL

267. The Congress appoints the members of the Nominations Panel as provided for in the General Statutes. It shall also appoint five (5) alternate members.
268. The outgoing President is chairing meetings of the Nominations Panel. A quorum of three (3) members is required for a meeting of the Nominations Panel. Each member has a right to vote. In the event of a tied vote, the outgoing President of FIBA has the casting vote.
269. Members of the Nominations Panel may not be nominated as candidates for election to the positions of President, Treasurer and Central Board member.
270. The Nominations Panel shall
- a. review all the nominations for the position of President, Treasurer and up to thirteen (13) members of the Central Board and decide whether they meet the requirements set out in the General Statutes and Internal Regulations. Such requirements shall be met at the time of the meeting of the Nominations Panel unless otherwise provided herein. The Nominations Panel may fix a time limit within which a NMF and/or a candidate shall submit clarifications or additional documentation, failing which the nomination will be rejected. When rejecting a nomination, the Nominations Panel shall state brief reasons;
 - b. evaluate all eligible candidates and make a recommendation to the Congress for the up to thirteen (13) members of the Central Board, based on the criteria set out in article 1-271.
271. In order to recommend candidates to the Congress, the Nominations Panel
- a. shall have regard to the vision, skill and expertise that a candidate can bring to FIBA, by evaluating in particular the following personal attributes:
 - i. Previous experience in boards (either corporate or not-for-profit organizations), management, governance, and strategic planning;
 - ii. Knowledge, experience, and understanding of basketball at national and/or Zone level;
 - iii. Strategic management experience in business, banking, government, business consultancy, or not-for-profit organizations;
 - iv. Legal qualifications;
 - v. Accounting qualifications;
 - vi. Marketing and/or sponsorship experience;

- vii. Experience in communicating and negotiating across all levels of a basketball organisation;
 - viii. Playing/technical basketball experience;
 - ix. Good command of foreign languages, especially English or French or Spanish;
 - x. Competent knowledge of operation of computer communications.
- b. shall attempt to bring the right balance among candidates
 - i. from NMFs with different levels of basketball achievements, considering always the Central Board's pivotal role in the management of the highest governing body in international basketball;
 - ii. from different age groups; and
 - iii. from different geographical areas within the Zones.
 - c. shall seek the opinion of the Regional Offices' Executive Directors and Zones' Presidents for the candidates; and
 - d. may ask a NMF and/or a candidate to provide additional information regarding the latter's activities either within or outside basketball; the Nominations Panel may also invite a candidate for an interview.
272. The Secretary General shall inform all NMFs about the decisions and recommendations of the Nominations Panel by no later than the forty-fifth (45th) day prior to the first day of the elective Congress.
273. All candidates shall comply at all times with the provisions of the FIBA Code of Ethics, in particular article 1-31, regarding the promotion of their candidature.
274. When calculating time limits for the purposes of this Chapter, the reference date (e.g. the first day of the elective Congress) shall not be taken into account.
275. Decisions of the Nominations Panel can be appealed only before the Court of Arbitration for Sport as provided for in the General Statutes.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR ELECTION OF ZONE PRESIDENTS

276. The eligibility criteria set out in article 1-263 and 1-265.a above apply also to candidates for the position of Zone President. Upon a proposal by a Zone Board, the FIBA Central Board may add further mandatory eligibility criteria valid for that particular Zone. The eligibility criterion set out in article 1-266.b above applies only for the Zone President's membership to the FIBA Central Board and is examined by the Nominations Panel during the FIBA Congress.
277. By no later than two (2) months prior to the day of the election of the Zone President, the Zone shall forward to the Nominations Panel all nominations received for the position of Zone President.
278. The Nominations Panel shall exercise its powers set out in article 1-271.a above with respect to nominations for the position of Zone President.

279. The Secretary General shall inform the Zone and the NMFs assigned to that Zone about the decisions of the Nominations Panel at least forty-five (45) days prior to the day of election of the Zone President.

ELECTIONS

280. The election process will start with the outgoing President informing the Congress of the names of the five (5) Zone Presidents and of the Secretary General, who shall be ex officio members of the Central Board. The Congress shall proceed with the election of the President, the Treasurer and up to thirteen (13) members of the Central Board.
281. The candidates will be announced to the NMFs in advance of the election together with the list of up to thirteen (13) candidates recommended by the Nominations Panel for election to the Central Board as well as the person recommended by the Secretary General for election to the position of Treasurer.
282. Each NMF has the right to one (1) vote, which is granted to the first delegate if both are present.
283. Voting is not mandatory.
284. Elections shall be held by secret ballot unless there is only one (1) candidate for a position; in the latter case, the general voting process (show of hands) shall apply.
285. The Central Board may decide to use at the Congress a system of electronic voting by the NMFs present in the Congress. The system shall be certified by an independent company and shall securely and immediately tally the votes, ensuring secrecy of the voting, where required by the General Statutes.
286. In the event that a paper ballot is used, the following shall apply:
- a. Upon proposal by the President and the Secretary General, an appropriate number of scrutineers is appointed by the Congress at the beginning of the first meeting or during the course of the sessions. The scrutineers may not be candidates at the elective Congress for any other office;
 - b. The scrutineers shall distribute to the delegates of NMFs a ballot listing the recommended candidates followed by the complete list of candidates in alphabetical order and, where required under articles 1-291 to 1-294 below, grouped by continent/by gender;
 - c. The President notifies the Congress of the number of ballots distributed. The election is valid if the number of ballots collected is equal or lower than the number of those distributed. If the number of ballots collected is greater than that of the ballots distributed, the election is deemed invalid and shall be repeated;
 - d. In order to vote for the candidate(s) of their choice, NMF delegates shall mark an "X" in the box beside the candidate's name;

- e. The scrutineers shall have the duty to control the validity of the ballots and their counting. The final result must be given to the President and announced by him to the Congress;
 - f. The results of the election shall be recorded in writing by the scrutineers in an election protocol, which shall be signed by the scrutineers and confirmed by the President;
 - g. Scrutineers shall have custody of the ballots. After the ballots have been counted and the results of the election have been notified to the Congress, the scrutineers shall immediately put aside the ballots so that they cannot be used again for the next vote(s). At the end of all election procedures, ballots must be delivered in a locked container to a member of the FIBA Secretariat appointed by the Secretary General. Ballots must be kept at the FIBA headquarters for a period of at least ninety (90) days after the election in one or more locked containers.
287. The Congress first proceeds to elect the President. The candidate who receives the highest number of votes cast is elected.
288. The Congress then proceeds to elect the Treasurer. The candidate who receives the highest number of votes cast is elected.
289. The Nominations Panel shall then verify whether the result of the elections to the positions of President and Treasurer affects the eligibility of any Zone President to become member of the Central Board, due to the nationality restrictions set out in article 1-266.b above. If a Zone President is ineligible to become member of the Central Board, the next eligible person in the hierarchy of the same Zone as per the Zone Regulations shall become ex officio member of the Central Board. The President shall inform the Congress of the five (5) Zone Presidents, or substitute(s), who become ex officio members of the Central Board.
290. The Congress continues with the election of up to thirteen (13) members of the Central Board, in the following order: Africa, Americas, Asia, Europe, Oceania. Prior to the start of such election, the Nominations Panel shall verify whether the membership of Zone Presidents, or their substitute(s), to the Central Board affects the eligibility of a candidate to be elected member to the Central Board, due to the nationality restrictions set out in Article 15.1.8 of the General Statutes.
291. The election of Central Board members from Africa shall be as follows:
- a. The Congress shall elect one (1) member from among eligible candidates of one gender. Each NMF can vote up to one (1) candidate of its choice. The candidate who receives the highest number of votes cast is elected;
 - b. If the NMFs from the Zone have nominated eligible candidates of both genders, the Congress shall proceed with electing one (1) member from among eligible candidates of the other gender. Each NMF can vote up to one (1) candidate of its choice. The candidate who receives the highest number of votes cast is elected;
 - c. If the NMFs from the Zone have nominated eligible candidates of only one gender, paragraph (b) of this article shall not apply.

292. The election of Central Board members from Africa applies mutatis mutandis to the election of Central Board members from Asia and Oceania.
293. The election of Central Board members from the Americas shall be as follows:
- a. If the NMFs from FIBA Americas have nominated eligible candidates of both genders, the Congress shall elect three (3) members from a list which includes the candidates recommended by the Nominations Panel first followed by all other eligible candidates in alphabetical order regardless of their gender. Each NMF can vote up to three (3) candidates of its choice regardless of their gender. The three (3) candidates who receive most votes cast are elected. If all three (3) candidates are of the same gender, the two (2) who received most votes cast are elected together with one (1) candidate of the other gender who received the next highest number of votes cast;
 - b. If the NMFs from FIBA Americas have nominated eligible candidates of only one gender, the Congress shall elect two (2) members from the Americas. Each NMF can vote up to two (2) candidates of its choice. The two (2) candidates who receive most votes cast are elected.
294. The election of Central Board members from Europe shall be as follows:
- a. If the NMFs from FIBA Europe have nominated eligible candidates of both genders, the Congress shall elect four (4) members from a list which includes the candidates recommended by the Nominations Panel first followed by all other eligible candidates in alphabetical order regardless of their gender. Each NMF can vote up to four (4) candidates of its choice regardless of their gender. The four (4) candidates who receive most votes cast are elected. If all four (4) candidates are of the same gender, the three (3) who received most votes are elected together with one (1) candidate of the other gender who received the next highest number of votes cast;
 - b. If the NMFs from FIBA Europe have nominated eligible candidates of only one gender, the Congress shall elect three (3) members from Europe. Each NMF can vote up to three (3) candidates of its choice. The three (3) candidates who receive most votes cast are elected.
295. If the position(s) cannot be filled as per the above provisions because two or more candidates received the same number of votes, the Congress will take a separate vote between these candidates. The candidate with the highest number of votes will be elected. This procedure may be applied more than once if the tie persists. The President may not exercise his right to a vote in order to break a tie in the elections.

FEES, ALLOWANCES AND FINES

[Notes to Chapter 10:

i. Terms of payment

In accordance with applicable tax regulations, invoices may be subject to taxation. Any payments will be made after deduction of taxes.

Fees and dues, fines, rights, participation fees or any other amounts invoiced must be paid to FIBA in full, i.e. without any deductions (bank charges, etc.) and are due on receipt of invoice. Payment in FIBA's favour must be made to the following bank account:

Beneficiary: FIBA
 Bank: UBS S.A.
 Address: Place St-François, 1002 Lausanne, Switzerland

Account no.:
 for CHF: 243-384509.01M; IBAN CH970024324338450901M
 for USD: 243-384 509.60L; IBAN CH980024324338450960L
 for EUR: 243-384509.61R; IBAN CH490024324338450961R
 Bank code: 243
 Swift code: UBSWCHZH80A

ii. Currency of Reference

In general (in terms of Article 34.7 of the General Statutes), the Swiss Franc is the currency of reference for all financial transactions carried out with FIBA.]

296. Fines payable to FIBA listed in Book 1:

Article number	Item	Amount
1-54	Breach of Code of Ethics: Individual	Up to CHF 50,000
1-54	Breach of Code of Ethics: Organisation	Up to CHF 500,000

297. Allowances/Fees listed in Book 1:

Article number	Item	Amount
1-205	Base hourly allowance/fee for judges of the FIBA Appeals' Panel	CHF 215

298. Fees and dues payable to FIBA listed in Book 1:

Article number	Item	Amount
1-14	Fee for new national member federation joining FIBA	CHF 150

1-14	Annual membership fee for national member federation	CHF 15
1-15	Annual progressive fee for Category "A" national member federations	CHF 3,750
1-15	Annual progressive fees for Category "B" national member federations	CHF 1,875
1-15	Annual progressive fees for Category "C" national member federations	CHF 375
1-15	Annual progressive fees for Category "D" national member federations	CHF 0
1-189 and 1-200	Non-reimbursable fee payable for an appeal lodged with the FIBA Appeals' Panel (except for appeals in doping cases – see below)	CHF 2,000
1-189 and 4-13.2//4-13.7.1	Non-reimbursable fee payable for an appeal lodged with the Appeals' Panel in doping cases when 4-13.2 or 4-13.7.1 applies	CHF 6,000

APPENDIX 1: BETTING AND CORRUPTION

A. DEFINITIONS

1. *“Benefit”* means the direct or indirect receipt or provision (as relevant) of money or money’s worth (other than prize money and/or contractual payments to be made under endorsement, sponsorship or other contracts);
2. *“Bet”* means a wager of money or any other form of financial speculation;
3. *“Betting”* shall mean whether directly or via a third party/entity making, accepting, or laying a wager of money or any other form of financial speculation and shall include, without limitation, activities commonly referred to as sports betting such as fixed and running odds, totalisator/toto games, live betting, betting exchange, spread betting and other games offered by sports betting operators.
4. *“Competition”* shall mean an international basketball competition, whether recognised or not, where one or more Participants are at the same time holders of a license issued by FIBA or a national member federation.
5. *“Inside Information”* means any information relating to any Competition that a Participant possesses by virtue of his position within the sport. Such information includes, but is not limited to, factual information regarding the competitors, the conditions, tactical considerations or any other aspect of the Competition, but does not include such information that is already published or a matter of public record, readily acquired by an interested member of the public or disclosed according to the rules and regulations governing the relevant Competition;
6. *“Participant”* means any Player, Player Support Personnel, judge, referee, delegate, technical official, commissioner, jury of appeal member, competition official, National Federation team or delegation member and any other accredited person;
7. *“Person”* shall include natural persons, bodies corporate and unincorporated associations and partnerships (whether or not any of them have separate legal personality);

B. VIOLATIONS

The following conduct may be sanctioned by FIBA:

1. Betting

Direct or indirect involvement of a Participant in any form of Betting related to a Competition (refer to article A-4), including Betting with or through another Person on the result, progress, outcome, conduct or any other aspect of such a Competition.

2. Manipulation of Results

- (a) Fixing or contriving in any way or otherwise improperly influencing, or being a party to fix or contrive in any way or otherwise improperly influence, the result, progress, outcome, conduct or any other aspect of a Competition.
- (b) Ensuring or seeking to ensure the occurrence of a particular incident in a Competition which occurrence is to the Participant's knowledge the subject of a Bet and for which he or another Person expects to receive or has received a Benefit.
- (c) Failing in return for a Benefit (or the legitimate expectation of a Benefit, irrespective of whether such Benefit is in fact given or received) to perform to the best of one's abilities in a Competition.

3. Corrupt Conduct

- (a) Accepting, offering, agreeing to accept or offer, a bribe or other Benefit (or the legitimate expectation of a Benefit, irrespective of whether such Benefit is in fact given or received) to fix or contrive in any way or otherwise to influence improperly the result, progress, outcome, conduct or any other aspect of a Competition.
- (b) Providing, offering, giving, requesting or receiving any gift or Benefit (or the legitimate expectation of a Benefit, irrespective of whether such Benefit is in fact given or received) in circumstances that the Participant might reasonably have expected could bring him or the sport into disrepute.

4. Misuse of Inside Information

- (a) Using Inside Information for Betting purposes or otherwise in relation to Betting.
- (b) Disclosing Inside Information to any Person with or without Benefit where the Participant might reasonably be expected to know that its disclosure in such circumstances could be used in relation to Betting.

5. Other Violations

- (a) Inducing, instructing, facilitating or encouraging a Participant to commit a violation set out in this Appendix.

- (b) Any attempt by a Participant, or any agreement by a Participant with any other person, to engage in conduct that would culminate in the commission of any violation of this Appendix shall be treated as if a violation had been committed, whether or not such attempt or agreement in fact resulted in such violation. However, there shall be no Violation under this Appendix where the Participant renounces his attempt or agreement prior to it being discovered by a third party not involved in the attempt or agreement.
- (c) Knowingly assisting, covering up or otherwise being complicit in any acts or omissions of the type described in this Appendix committed by a Participant.
- (d) Failing to disclose to FIBA or other competent authority without undue delay full details of
 - i. any approaches or invitations received by the Participant to engage in conduct or incidents that would amount to a violation as set out in this Appendix;
 - ii. any incident, fact or matter that comes to the attention of the Participant that may evidence a violation under this Appendix by a third party, including, without limitation, approaches or invitations that have been received by any other party to engage in conduct that would amount to a violation of this Appendix;
- (e) Failing to cooperate with any reasonable investigation carried out by FIBA or other competent authority in relation to a possible breach of this Appendix, including failing to provide any information and/or documentation requested by FIBA or competent competition authority that may be relevant to the investigation.

C. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The following are not relevant to the determination of a violation of this Appendix:

1. Whether or not the Participant was participating, or a Participant assisted by another Participant was participating, in the specific Competition;
2. The nature or outcome of any Bet in issue;
3. The outcome of the Competition on which the Bet was made;
4. Whether or not the Participant's efforts or performance (if any) in any Competition in issue were (or could be expected to be) affected by the acts or omissions in question;
5. Whether or not the results in the Competition in issue were (or could be expected to be) affected by the acts or omissions in question



APPENDIX 2: LOGOS



FIBA Logos

Black:

CMYK: C40 K100; Pantone: 426



APPENDIX 3: FIBA AWARD RECIPIENTS

The Hall of Fame

List of Inductees 2007

Inductees Posthumous March 2007

Founders

Dr James NAISMITH (CAN and USA – invented basketball in 1891)
Léon BOUFFARD (SUI – Founding member and FIBA President 1932 – 1948)
Dr R. William JONES (GBR – FIBA Secretary General 1932 – 1976)
Attilio PONISIO (ARG – Founding member)
Simeon MAVROSKOUFIS (GRE – Founding member)
Count Giorgio ASINARI DI SAN MARZANO (ITA – Founding member)
Joseph SHADEIKO (LAT – Founding member)
Henry BRANDT (POR – Founding member)
D.D. TEICA (ROM – Founding member)
Léon BOUFFARD (SUI – Founding member)
Ladislav KAPUCIAN (Czechoslovakia – Founding member)

Players male

Kresimir COSIC (CRO)
Teofilo CRUZ (PUR)
Radivoj KORAC (SRB)
Drazen PETROVIC (CRO)
Alexander BELOV (RUS)
Fernando MARTÍN (ESP)

Players female

Liliana RONCHETTI (ITA)

Coaches

Antonio DÍAZ-MIGUEL (ESP)
Alexander GOMELSKY (RUS)
Henry "Hank" IBA (USA)
Vladimir KONDRASHIN (RUS)
Aleksandar NIKOLIC (SRB)
Giancarlo PRIMO (ITA)

Referees

Obrad BELOSEVIC (SRB)
Gualtiero FOLLATI (ITA)
Vladimir KOSTIN (RUS)
Zigmund "Red" MIHALIK (USA)

Pietro REVERBERI (ITA)
Renato RIGHETTO (BRA)

Contributors

Eduardo AIRALDI RIVAROLA (PER)
Abdel Azim ASHRY (EGY)
Turgut ATAKOL (TUR)
Robert BUSNEL (FRA)
Dionisio CALVO (PHI)
José Claudio DOS REIS (BRA)
Antonio dos REIS CARNEIRO (BRA)
Yoon DUK-JOO (KOR)
Willard N. GREIM (USA)
Ferenc HEPP (HUN)
Marian KOZLOWSKI (POL)
Anselmo LÓPEZ (ESP)
Abdel Moneim WAHBY (EGY)
August PITZL (AUT)
Nebojsa POPOVIC (SRB)
Ivan RAPOSO (BRA)
Raimundo SAPORTA (ESP)
Decio SCURI (ITA)
Vladimir SEMASHKO (RUS)
Radomir SHAPER (SRB)
Edward S. STEITZ (USA)

Inductees September 2007

Players male

Serguei BELOV (RUS)
Drazen DALIPAGIC (SRB)
Ivo DANEU (SLO)
Oscar Alberto FURLONG (ARG)
Nikolaos GALIS (GRE)
Hortencia MARCARI (BRA)
Pierluigi MARZORATI (ITA)
Amaury PASOS (BRA)
Emiliano RODRIGUEZ (ESP)
Bill RUSSEL (USA)

Players female

Ann MEYERS (USA)
Uliana SEMEONOVA (LAT)

Coaches

Toto Renan KANELA SOARES (BRA)

Dean SMITH (USA)
Ranko ZERAVICA (SRB)
Lydia ALEXEIEVA (RUS)

Technical Officials

Marion HOPENHAYM (URU)
Erwin KASSAI (HUN)
Allen RAE (CAN)

Contributor

Borislav STANKOVIC (SRB)

Inductees 2009

Players male

Ricardo GONZÁLEZ (ARG)
Oscar ROBERTSON (USA)

Players female

Jacky CHAZALON (FRA)

Coaches

Pedro FERRÁNDIZ (ESP)

Technical Officials

Artenik ARABADJIAN (BUL)

Contributor

Al RAMSAY (AUS)

Players male posthumous

Ubiratan PEREIRA (BRA)

Coaches posthumous

Pete NEWELL (USA)
Kay YOW (USA)

Technical Official posthumous

Marcel PFEUTI (SUI)

Contributor posthumous

Luis MARTÍN (ARG)

Inductees 2010

Players male

Vlade DIVAC (SRB)
Dragan KICANOVIC (SRB)
Dino MENEGHIN (ITA)
Arvydas SABONIS (LTU)
Oscar SCHMIDT (BRA)

Players female

Cheryl MILLER (USA)
Natalia ZASSOULSKAYA (RUS)

Coaches

Lindsay GAZE (AUS)
Evgeny GOMELSYI (RUS)
Mirko NOVOSEL (CRO)

Technical Officials

Jim BAIN (USA)
Konstantinos DIMOU (GRE)

Contributors

George KILLIAN (USA)
Hans Joachim OTTO (GER)
Ernesto SEGURA DE LUNA (ESP) (posthumously)
Abdoulaye SEYE MOREAU (SEN)
AI RAMSAY (AUS)

Inductees 2013

Players male

Jean-Jacques CONCEICAO (ANG)
Andrew GAZE (AUS)
David ROBINSON (USA)
Zoran SLAVNIC (SRB)

Players female

Teresa EDWARDS (USA)
Paula GONCALVES (BRA)

Coaches

Pat SUMMITT (USA)

Coaches Posthumous

Jack DONOHUE (CAN)

Cesare RUBINI (ITA)

Technical Officials

Valentin LAZAROV (BUL)

Costas RIGAS (GRE)

Contributors

Aldo VITALE (ITA)

Inductees 2015

Players male

Ruperto HERRERA TABÍO (CUB)

Michael JORDAN (USA)

Sarunas MARCIULIONIS (LTU)

Antoine RIGAUDEAU (FRA)

Vladimir TKACHENKO (RUS)

Players female

Ann DONOVAN (USA)

Coaches

Jan STIRLING (AUS)

Technical Officials

Robert BLANCHARD (FRA)

Contributors

Noah KLIEGER (ISR)

Inductees 2016

Players male

Panagiotis FASOULAS (GRE)

Hakeem OLAJUWON (USA/NGR)

Manuel RAGA (MEX)

Juan Antonio SAN EPIFANIO (ESP)

Players female

Michele TIMMS (AUS)

Coaches

Jorge CANAVESI (ARG)

Contributors

David J. STERN (USA)

Juan Antonio SAMARANCH (ESP) (posthumously)

Inductees 2017

Players male

Mickey BERKOWITZ (ISR)

Pero CAMERON (NZL)

Toni KUKOC (CRO)

Shaquille O'NEAL (USA)

Valdis VALTERS (LAT)

Players female

Razija MUJANOVIĆ (BIH)

Coaches

Dušan IVKOVIĆ (SRB)

Special category

The DREAM TEAM (USA)

The Order of Merit

The FIBA Order of Merit has been awarded to:

July 1994, Toronto, CAN

Dr. H. C. R. William Jones, ENG

Kreshimir Cosic, CRO

Clifford Fagan, USA

Ursula Frank, GER

Norman Gloag, CAN

Moctar Guene, SEN

Erwin Kassai, HUN

Anselmo H. E. López, ESP

Luis A. Martin, ARG

Hans-Joachim Otto, GER

Gonzalo G. Puyat II, PHI

Bozhidar Takev, BUL

Marciel Ubiratan, BRA
Yoshimi Ueda, JPN
Enrico Vinci, ITA
William Wall, USA

April 1995, Lausanne, SUI

Sergei Belov, RUS
Robert Blanchard, FRA
Aleksander Nikolic, YUG
Alberto Rosello, URU
Duk-Joo Yoon, KOR

April 1996, Munich, GER

Marian Kozlowski, POL

March 1997, Rio de Janeiro, BRA

Abdel Azim Ashry, EGY
Antonio Lisanti, URU
Marcel Pfeuti, SUI
August Pitzl, AUT
Nebojsa Popovic, YUG
Allen Rae, CAN
Emiliano Rodríguez, ESP
Raimundo Saporta, ESP
Federico Slinger, URU

April 1998, Munich, GER

Zacharias Alexandrou, GRE
Prof. Walther Tröger, GER
Aldo Vitale, ITA

May 1999, Barcelona, ESP

Abdou Diouf, SEN
Ruperto Herrera Tabio, CUB
Vladimir Kondrashin, RUS
Mauricio Martelino, PHI
Radomir Shaper, YUG

May 2000, Munich, GER

Chang-Lu Zhang, CHN

November 2000, Munich, GER

Lorraine Landon, AUS
Pedro Ferrándiz, ESP
George E. Killian, USA
Fumiya Tamiaki, JPN

Jean-Marie Weber, SUI

April 2001, Geneva, SUI

Giancarlo Primo, ITA

June 2002, Geneva, SUI

Eugenio Korwin, ITA

Miloslav Kriz, CZE

November 2002, Geneva, SUI

Kenneth Charles, ENG

Keith Mitchell, ENG

Alistair Ramsay, AUS

Cesare Rubini, ITA

Ernesto Segura de Luna, ESP

Abdoulaye Seye Moreau, SEN

November 2003, Alcobendas, ESP

Geneviève Hartmann, FRA

May 2005, Nyon, SUI

Zine El Abidine Ben Ali, TUN

Alexander Boshkov, BUL

August 2006, Tokyo, JPN

Mario Hopenhaym, URU

Jacques Hugué, FRA

September 2010, Istanbul, TUR

Mario Arceri, ITA

Robert Busnel, FRA

Carl Men Ky Ching, HKG

Alain Ekra, CIV

Noah Klieger, ISR

Ken Madsen, AUS

Jenaro "Tuto" Marchand, PUR

Reiner Martens, GER

Gian-Luigi Porelli, ITA

Ruben Rabano, ARG

Airaldi Rivarola, PER

Abdel Moneim Wahby, EGY

The Radomir Shaper Award

The Radomir Shaper Award has been awarded to:

November 2000, Munich, GER

Edward Steitz, USA

Luis A. Martin, ARG

Valentin Lazarov, BUL

November 2003, Alcobendas, ESP

Bernard Lejade, ESP

September 2010, Istanbul, TUR

Lindsay Gaze, AUS

Fred Horgan, CAN

Lubomir Kotleba, SVK

Boujemaa Larguet Jdaini, MAR

John Martin, AUS

Valdu Suurkask, EST

APPENDIX 4: FIBA HALL OF FAME NOMINATION FORM

Nomination forms should be submitted in the following format:

Please tick one category for Nomination:

- Player
- Coach
- Technical Official
- Contributor

NOMINEE NAME: _____

ADDRESS _____
_____ postcode: _____

Telephone: _____ Fax: _____

E-mail: _____

NOMINATED BY: _____

Address: _____ postcode: _____

Telephone: _____ Fax: _____

E-mail _____

Basketball membership _____

Signature: _____

SECONDED BY: _____

Address: _____ postcode: _____

Telephone: _____

Signature: _____

Use the space provided for the written nomination. Further written information not in the spaces provided will not be included in the assessment.

Newspaper articles, clippings, and copies of other factual published material may be attached to the nomination

Please carefully read the FIBA Internal Regulations relating to the FIBA Hall of Fame.



5, route Suisse
P.O. Box 29
1295 Mies
Switzerland
Tel: +41 22 545 00 00
Fax: +41 22 545 00 99
Email: info@fiba.com
Website: www.fiba.com/regulations